



Program (Agency)	Account/Subaccount	FY2025 Enacted	President's FY2026 Request	HOW Coalition FY2026 Request	House FY2026 Proposed
Interior and Environment					
<i>Great Lakes</i>					
Great Lakes Restoration Initiative (EPA)	Environmental Programs and Management (EPM) / Geographic Programs	\$368 million	\$368 million	\$475 million ⁱ	\$368 million ⁱⁱ
Great Lakes and Lake Champlain Invasive Species Program (EPA)	Environmental Programs and Management	\$0	\$0	\$50 million ⁱⁱⁱ	\$0 ^{iv}
Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act (DOI/FWS)	Resource Management / Fish and Aquatic Conservation / Aquatic Habitat and Species Conservation	\$3 million	N/A	\$8 million ^v	\$3 million ^{vi}
U.S. FWS Invasive Carp (DOI/FWS)	Resource Management	\$31 million	N/A	\$35 million	\$22 million ^{vii}
U.S.G.S. Invasive Carp (DOI/USGS)	Surveys, Investigations, and Research / Ecosystems	\$11 million	N/A	\$15 million	\$11 million ^{viii}
Great Lakes Science Center (DOI/USGS)	Surveys, Investigations, and Research / Ecosystems	\$15 million	N/A	\$15 million ^{ix}	\$15 million ^x
<i>National</i>					
Clean Water State Revolving Fund (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance	\$1,639 million	\$155 million	\$4,889 million ^{xi}	\$1,208 million ^{xii}
Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance	\$1,126 million	\$150 million	\$4,376 million ^{xiii}	\$894.7 million ^{xiv}
Sec. 221 Sewer Overflow and Stormwater Reuse Municipal Grants (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance	\$41 million	\$41 million	\$280 million ^{xv}	\$44 million
Household Decentralized Wastewater Grant Program (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance	\$0	\$5 million	\$50 million ^{xvi}	\$0

Small and Disadvantaged Communities (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance Grants	\$28.5 million	\$0	\$140 million ^{xvii}	\$27 million
Reducing Lead in Drinking Water (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance Grants	\$22 million	\$20 million	\$200 million	\$22 million
Lead Inventorying Utilization Grant Pilot Program	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance Grants	\$0	\$0	\$10 million ^{xviii}	\$0
Water Infrastructure Workforce Development (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Infrastructure Assistance Grants	\$5.4 million	\$5 million	\$20 million	\$5 million
Sec. 106 Clean Water State Grants (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Categorical Grants	\$225.7 million	\$0	\$500 million	\$225.7 million
Sec. 319 Non-Point Pollution (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Categorical Grants	\$175 million	\$0	\$200 million ^{xix}	\$174.5 million
Public Water System Supervision Grants (EPA)	State and Tribal Assistance Grants / Categorical Grants	\$116 million	\$0	\$250 million	\$115 million
Energy and Water					
Brandon Road Lock & Dam, Aquatic Nuisance Species Barrier (U.S. ACE)	Construction	\$200,000	\$28 million	\$28 million	\$28 million ^{xx}
Great Lakes Fishery and Ecosystem Restoration Program (U.S. ACE)	Construction	No detail	\$15 million	\$15 million	\$0
Great Lakes Tributary Model (U.S. ACE)	Operations and Maintenance/Regional Sediment Management Program	Sub-account: \$10.5 million	Sub-account: \$2 million	\$10.5 million	Sub-account: \$5.6 million ^{xxixxii}
Chicago Sanitary Ship Canal Barrier (U.S. ACE)	Operations and Maintenance	\$13.7 million	\$12.979 million	\$12.979 million	\$12.979 million
Great Lakes Coastal Resiliency Study (U.S. ACE)	Investigations	\$3 million	N/A	\$4.5 million	\$0

Commerce, Justice, Science					
Great Lakes					
Great Lakes Environmental Research Lab (NOAA)	Office of Oceanic and Atmospheric Research / Ocean, Coastal, and Great Lakes Research / Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes	Sub-account: \$39.5 million	Sub-account: \$0 ^{xxiii}	Sub-account: \$41 million	Pending
Great Lakes Observing System (NOAA)	National Ocean Service / Navigation, Observations, and Positioning / Integrated Ocean Observing System Regional Observations	Sub-account: \$42.5 million	Sub-account: \$0 ^{xxiv}	Sub-account: \$80.5 million	Pending
National					
Sea Grant (NOAA)	Ocean, Coastal, and Great Lakes Research / National Sea Grant College Program	\$80 million	\$0 ^{xxv}	\$148 million	Pending
Coastal Zone Management Grants (NOAA)	National Ocean Service / Ocean and Coast Management and Services	\$81.5 million	\$0 ^{xxvi}	\$110 million	Pending
Marine Debris Program (NOAA)	National Ocean Service / Office of Response and Restoration	\$10.5 million	N/A	\$20 million	Pending
Harmful Algal Blooms (NOAA)	National Ocean Service / Coastal Science and Assessment / Competitive Research	\$14 million	\$0 ^{xxvii}	Sub-account: \$42 million	Pending
Sanctuaries and Marine Protected Areas (NOAA)	National Ocean Service/Ocean and Coastal Management and Services	\$67 million	\$40 million ^{xxviii}	\$106.5 million	Pending
National Oceans and Coastal Security Fund (NOAA)	National Ocean Service/Ocean and Coastal Management and Services	\$32 million	\$0 ^{xxix}	\$40 million	Pending
State Foreign Ops					
Great Lakes Fishery Commission (State Department)	International Fisheries Commission	\$50 million	\$38.87 million	\$50 million	

ⁱ As authorized by the GLRI Act of 2019 (P.L. 116-294), \$475 million for FY2026.

ⁱⁱ “Great Lakes Restoration Initiative (GLRI).—The Committee remains concerned about the persistence of harmful algal blooms (HABs) throughout the Great Lakes, including in the western Lake Erie basin, Green Bay, and Saginaw Bay. The Committee urges the Agency to focus program funds on HAB reduction efforts in Great Lakes regions where nutrient loading contributes the most to HABs and by investing in innovative projects such as wetland and other natural infrastructure projects. The Committee directs the Agency to provide a briefing on its current and historical allocation of funds among the five focus areas, with a focus on Area 3 (nutrients) and Area 4 (habitat). Additionally, as the Agency distributes funds across the five focus areas, Tribal-related activities should be maintained at not less than \$15,000,000.”

ⁱⁱⁱ As originally authorized by the Frank LoBiondo Coast Guard Authorization Act of 2018 (Sec. 903(g); P.L. 115-282), \$50 million per year through FY2023.

^{iv} “Great Lakes and Lake Champlain Invasive Species Program.— The Committee expects the Agency to continue to use funds from the appropriate Geographic Programs to address invasive species in the Great Lakes and Lake Champlain.”

^v As authorized by the Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Reauthorization Act of 2022 through 2028 (P.L. 117-287)), \$8 million per year.

^{vi} “Population Assessment and Cooperative Management.—The recommendation provides \$15,620,000, which includes \$1,000,000 for the Great Lakes Consent Decree, \$3,000,000 for Great Lakes Fish and Wildlife Restoration Act grants, and \$818,000 for the Lake Champlain Sea Lamprey program.”

^{vii} “Recognizing the importance of the work conducted by the Service to combat the serious threat of invasive carp, the Committee recommendation includes \$22,000,000 for invasive carp and not less than \$3,000,000 for contract fishing. The Service should coordinate with the U.S. Geological Survey on contract fishing efforts. The Committee continues to support the Service in working to prevent invasive carp from entering the Great Lakes...”

^{viii} “The recommendation includes \$11,000,000 for invasive carp research, including to prevent the spread into the Great Lakes, of which \$3,000,000 is for research on containing or eradicating grass carp. The Committee directs the Survey to provide a report not later than 180 days following the enactment of this Act on the status of grass carp in the Great Lakes and the progress that has been made since 2020.”

^{ix} As authorized by the Further Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2020 (Sec. 201; P.L. 116-94), \$15 million per year through FY2025.

^x “Great Lakes Science Center.—The recommendation includes \$15,000,000 for the Great Lakes Science Center. Resources will ensure acquisition of information necessary for fishery management decisions and to support the Center’s large vessels. The Committee supports the Center’s partnerships to operate proven, commercially available, long-endurance uncrewed surface vehicles (USVs) to collect operational fisheries survey data.”

^{xi} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50210 & Division J, Title VI, Sec. 614; P.L. 117-58), \$4.889 billion for FY2026.

^{xii} “\$1,208,314,000 shall be for making capitalization grants for the Clean Water State Revolving Funds... \$559,237,373 of the funds made available for capitalization grants for the Clean Water State Revolving Funds... shall be for the construction of drinking water, wastewater, and storm water infrastructure and for water quality protection in accordance with the terms and conditions specified for such grants in the report accompanying this Act for projects specified for... “STAG—Clean Water State Revolving Fund” in the table titled “Interior and Environment Incorporation of Community Project Funding Items””.

^{xiii} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50102 & Division J, Title VI, Sec. 614; P.L. 117-58), \$4.376 billion for FY2026.

^{xiv} “\$894,737,000 shall be for making capitalization grants for the Drinking Water State Revolving Funds... and \$489,670,627 of the funds made available for capitalization grants for the Drinking Water State Revolving Funds shall be for the construction of drinking water, wastewater, and storm water infrastructure and for water quality protection in accordance with the terms and conditions specified for such grants in the report accompanying this Act for projects specified for “STAG—Drinking Water State Revolving Fund”...in the table titled “Interior and Environment Incorporation of Community Project Funding Items””.

^{xv} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50204; P.L. 117-58), \$280 million per year through FY2026.

^{xvi} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50208; P.L. 117-58), \$50 million per year through FY2026.

^{xvii} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50104; P.L. 117-58), \$140 million for FY2026.

^{xviii} As authorized by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (Sec. 50105; P.L. 117-58), \$10 million authorized to carry out the pilot program.

^{xix} As authorized by Sec. 8502 by the James M. Inhofe National Defense Reauthorization Act of 2023 (P.L. 117-263) at \$200 million through 2027.

^{xx} “Brandon Road Lock and Dam, Aquatic Nuisance Species Barrier, IL.—The Committee recognizes the national importance of the Brandon Road Lock and Dam project in preventing the spread of invasive carp into the Great Lakes ecosystem. The Corps is encouraged to include appropriate funding in future budget submissions and, to the extent funding is or becomes available, ensure timely execution of funds and project milestones. The Committee expects the Corps to continue working in close partnership with the State of Illinois and other stakeholders to advance design and construction expeditiously.”

^{xxi} “Regional Sediment Management Program, Integrated Tools.— Within available funds, \$1,000,000 shall be to continue development of integrated tools that build coastal resilience across navigation, flood risk management, and ecosystem projects within the program.”

^{xxii} “Regional Sediment Management, Modeling.—Within available funds, \$2,600,000 shall be to support ongoing research into geochemical, geophysical, and sedimentological analysis and modeling which will help the Corps assess strategies to mitigate related changes and to detect and prevent adverse consequences of engineering solutions. It is understood that this effort will be completed in 2030.”

^{xxiii} “In coordination with the requested terminations for Climate Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes (see OAR-5) and Weather Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes (see OAR-10), NOAA will close the Atlantic Oceanographic & Meteorological Laboratory (AOML) in Miami, FL; the Great Lakes Environmental Research Laboratory (GLERL) in Ann Arbor, MI, and Muskegon, MI; and the Pacific Marine Environmental Laboratory (PMEL) in Seattle, WA. NOAA will discontinue activities previously supported by the Ocean Laboratories and Cooperative Institutes including data collection and analysis from ocean observation systems; Great Lakes surveys, mapping, and forecasting of harmful algal blooms; ‘omics research; and technology development partnerships.”

^{xxiv} “This request will terminate funding for IOOS Regional Observations. NOAA will prioritize national Data Management and Cyberinfrastructure (DMAC) capacity to integrate remaining available Federal, academic, private sector and non-profit ocean data, and will continue to make that data available.”

^{xxv} “NOAA requests the termination of the National Sea Grant College Program. NOAA will eliminate funding for the 33 Sea Grant programs located in coastal States and territories. Individual Sea Grant chapters receive funds from their respective states and other sources as part of the required matching of Federal funds under the Sea Grant Program; as such, the full extent of the impact of this termination of NOAA funds will vary by state.”

^{xxvi} “This request will terminate grant funding for Coastal Zone Management (CZM) programs. NOAA will continue to administer existing cooperative agreements, while also providing national coordination and in-kind support to state coastal zone management agencies that are able operate programs using state funds.”

^{xxvii} “This request will eliminate competitive grants to academic research institutions, non-governmental organizations, and other partners.”

^{xxviii} “Decrease Support for National Marine Sanctuaries (-\$25,955, -44 FTE/ -56 Positions) – With this request, NOAA will continue to support and protect all 18 of its National Marine Sanctuaries, and will focus on ensuring critical Federal oversight of the existing system in accordance with the National Marine Sanctuaries Act statutory mandates and requirements. NOAA will prioritize the maintenance and installation of mooring buoys and will continue to support contracts for mission critical services to ensure safety requirements are met. NOAA’s Federal workforce will continue efforts to enhance public awareness, understanding, and appreciation of the National Marine Sanctuary System.

NOAA will eliminate many of its services, agreements and contracts with external partners, and will reduce on water operations. NOAA will prioritize existing sanctuaries and will not advance the designation of new national marine sanctuaries.”

^{xxix} “This request terminates funding for the National Coastal Resilience Fund (NCRF), a partnership with the National Fish and Wildlife Foundation (NFWF).”