64.1% of HBV diagnoses in the United States occurred in White Americans in 2019

- 14.8% in “Other”
- 12.0% in Black Americans
- 6.7% in Hispanic/Latino Americans
- 2.0% in Asian/Pacific Islander Americans
- 0.5% in American Indians/Alaska Natives

The American South has the highest rate of new Hepatitis B diagnoses in the United States, with an incidence rate of 1.6 (per 100,000), compared to the national rate of 1.0

The rate of HBV diagnoses in men is 1.3 (per 100,000), compared to just 0.7 in women

Just one-third of new HBV diagnoses reported to the CDC are accompanied by adequate risk data. 29.9% of data reported identify no risk data and 37.1% of data reported are missing risk data altogether

~$1,300/month
Medications to treat chronic Hepatitis B can cost up to $1,300 a month