IS THIS THE BEST WE CAN DO?



JUNE 11, 2025

Josephine A. Fiorentino Community Center



PURPOSE:

For 60 years I-90 has divided the neighborhoods of Allston and Brighton and, alongside soldiers field road, created a high speed barrier between people and the river.

This is a once in a generation opportunity to make this right!

GOALS:

WE NEED YOU!

- Know whats happening
- Now is the time to push for a better plan
- Focus on key areas where we think change can happen

WELCOME & INTRODUCTIONS



Max Rome, PhD
Senior Stormwater Program Manager,
CRWA



Emily NortonExecutive Director,
CRWA

*Other CRWA staff in the audience!



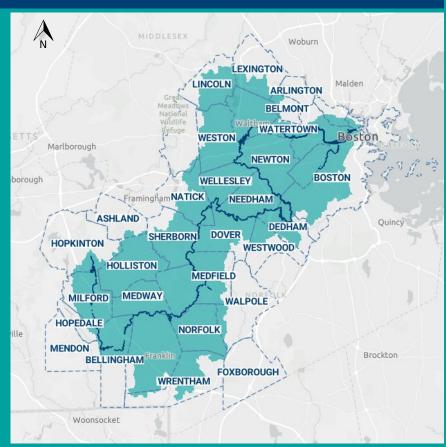
CHARLES RIVER WATERSHED ASSOCIATION

MISSION:

Protect, restore and enhance the Charles River and its watershed through science, advocacy, and the law.

- 80-mile long river
- 308 mi² watershed
- 35 towns & cities
- 1M+ residents
- 60% of Environmental Justice communities in lower watershed

CRWA TAKES A
WATERSHED-SCALE VIEW



THREATS TO THE CHARLES RIVER

FLOODING & DROUGHT





WATER QUALITY ISSUES

(bacterial contamination / Cyanobacteria)

ENVIRONMENTAL (IN)JUSTICE





EXTREME HEAT



HISTORY & CURRENT STATUS



PROJECT HISTORY

PROJECT INITIATION (ENF)

- MassDOT Design Team begins conceptual design
- Formation of 190 Task Force



DRAFT ENV. IMPACT REPORT

 Proposed design places temporary road in the Charles River



NOTICE OF PROJECT CHANGE

 Task Force and neighborhood activism secures the at grade option including new pedestrian access to the river

FINALIZE DESIGN & BEGIN PROCUREMENT

Little room for additional community input

Fall 2026

Fall 2025

2026-2040? CONSTRUCTION

REFINE ALTERNATIVES & SUBMIT ENV. PERMITTING

Key design options must be included by this point

CURRENT CONDITIONS



No Stormwater Treatment



Trash/Pollution



PROJECT SITE





Throat area³

CURRENT DESIGN

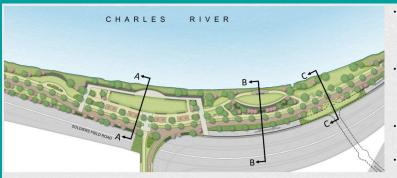
The parkland plan preferred by MassDOT



The plan

- Central Gathering Lawn with shade structures and river's edge walk
- Bicycle and pedestrian paths separated intersection
- Variety of viewing and accessible seating areas are provided
- Stormwater captured in below ground infiltration chambers
- PDW transitions into shared path before River Street Bridge intersection and at GL/BU Bridge

Plan enlargement



- Central Lawn with shade structures provide main gathering space and river viewing opportunities
- Lower lawn with overlook deck provides opportunity to get close to water's edge
- Additional overlook opportunities exist along path edges
- 14' wide bicycle path, 8' wide pedestrian path (10' wide at central lawn), and 8' wide tree-lined buffer between paths

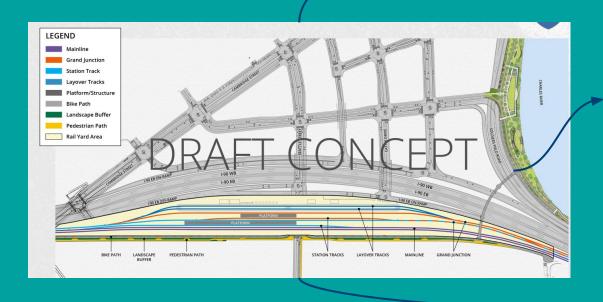
Preferred option sections



- Central Lawn retained at higher elevation to create unique river
- Lower lawn brings visitors closer to water's edge
- Typically, a dense landscaped buffer along edge of SFR
- Agganis Pedestrian Bridge provides views over the river
- Park lawns slope to river's edge to provide informal water access opportunities

CURRENT DESIGN

A new street grid with many large complex intersections



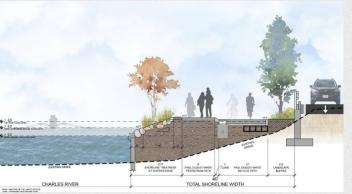
New bicycle/pedestrian connection from Lincoln Street to Cambridge Street to the River

Multiple "Layover"
tracks next to the new
West Station

CURRENT DESIGN

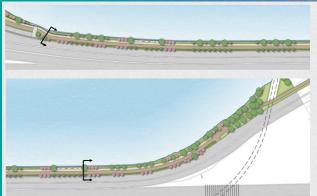
The "THROAT" area preferred by MassDOT

Sections



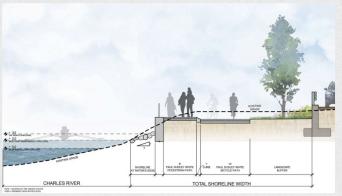
- 6.5' wide SFR Landscape Buffer, 12' wide Bicycle Path, 1' wide sloped curb buffer, 8' wide Pedestrian Path,
- 12.5' wide planted shoreline (with no wall) with 3V to 1H planted slope (accessible to DCR maintenance)
- Submerged sheet pile wall with flat cap provide stable river edge and opportunity for safer river rescue
- Silva cells to expand root zone and central drainage structures to capture stormwater
- Sloped curb buffer to reduce tripping concern

The area



- Typically, a 40' wide land area consisting of a planted shoreline, a separate pedestrian and bicycle path with a narrow, curbed buffer, and a landscaped buffer at the edge of SFR
- A short segment at the west requires a retaining wall at the transition to the Parkland (no wall in river)
- The eastern end merges into a shared path before going under the GJ and BU Bridges.

Wall section



- Same typical PDW dimensions (i.e., 12' wide bicycle path) Note: section cut at location with wider landscape buffer near Agganis ramp. Typical width is 6.5'
- Rip rap shoreline reinforcement at narrowest location
- Vertical wall to support PDW with railing – No Wall in River

CRWA ALTERNATIVES

With lane reduction







IMPOSSIBLE?

Except - we already did it!



Mass Pike was 6 lanes for 5+ years

 Will be 6 lanes during years of construction

MassDOT modeling 20% increase in vehicle traffic by 2040, even though...

- New commuter rail stop
- Amtrak + MBTA increasing rail service
- Mass climate laws require reduction in VMT

TABLE ACTIVITY

- Introduce yourself
 - How do you/would you use this area
- Review table materials
- Share perspective/concerns/vision
 - What would you like to see for newly created parkland?
 - What is important to you to see prioritized in the throat area?
 - What do you think about a layover yard and proposed street grid?

1 person per group to be spokesperson to share out!

TAKE ACTION & GET INVOLVED

NEXT MASSDOT I-90 TASK FORCE MEETING

WHEN: Tuesday, June 17, 2025 at 6-8 PM

WHERE:

MassDOT Board Room

OR via Zoom

2nd floor, 10 Park Plaza Brighton, MA 02215

SEND A POSTCARD TO YOUR LEGISLATOR!



Boston Community-Based Flood Resilience and Green Infrastructure Planning Project



Is a collaborative initiative between the

- City of Boston's Office of Green Infrastructure
- Charles River, Mystic River and Neponset River Watershed Associations and Boston community groups

The flood survey will

 help pinpoint flooding hotspots for a database and potential concept designs focusing on nature-based solutions, such as rain gardens, bioswales, and permeable pavement, to manage stormwater.



