HOKUETSU HOKUETSU HOKUETSU

Accountability NOW: Hokuetsu Corp Gov

May 2023

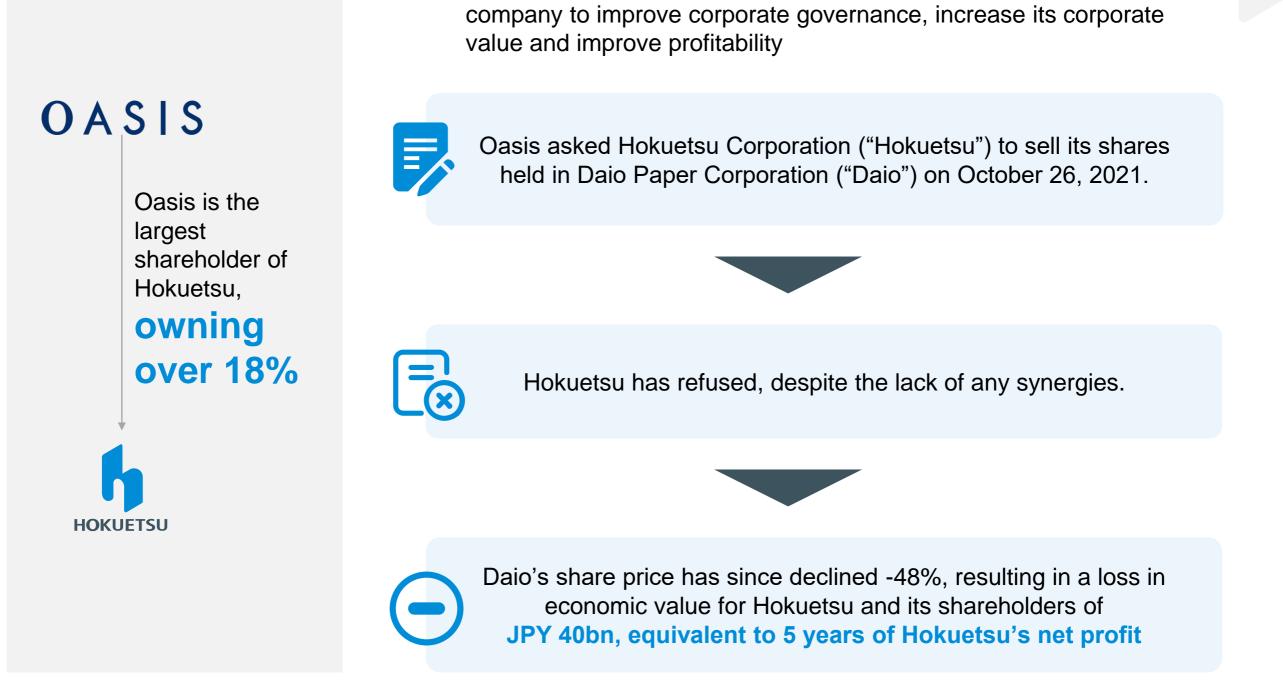
OASIS

www.hokuetsucorpgov.com

Oasis Message to the Hokuetsu Fellow Shareholders



Better Governance at Hokuetsu



Oasis has been engaging with Hokuetsu since 2019 to encourage the

Oasis Proposal for Better Governance at Hokuetsu, Cont'd



- Mr. Sekio Kishimoto has been Hokuetsu's CEO for ~15 years. Over his long tenure, he has retained strong control within the Company such that no one can oppose his decision making
- Under Mr. Kishimoto's leadership, the Company filed a lawsuit against Daio, which worsened the relationship between Hokuetsu and Daio, thus preventing the realization of synergies between the two businesses. Yet, the Company has refused to sell its Daio shares, thus retaining one of the largest cross-shareholdings as a percentage of NAV in Japan, without any synergies
- Under Mr. Kishimoto's leadership, the Company has failed to plan for the future in a world of declining use of paper
- Mr. Kishimoto has refused to meet Oasis, his largest shareholder, despite Oasis's repeated requests over multiple years
- Hokuetsu shares have traded below book value since 2006, right before the start of Mr. Kishimoto's tenure

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Oasis Proposals:

- Oasis will vote AGAINST Mr. Kishimoto at the upcoming AGM and recommends all Hokuetsu shareholders do the same
- The time has come to end Mr. Kishimoto's control and make way for better governance and clear, objective decision making on Hokuetsu's Daio shares

Hokuetsu by the Numbers (Latest figures as of May 2023, unless specified otherwise)



Source: Company Disclosures, Bloomberg, Market Data as of May 15, 2023

Snapshot of Hokuetsu

Corporate Details

Name	Hokuetsu Corporation
Ticker	3865 JT Equity
Founded	April 1907
Headquarters	3-2-2 Nihonbashihongoku-cho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-0021 Japan
President	Sekio Kishimoto
Website	http://www.hokuetsucorp.com/en/index.html

Overview of the Business



Board of Directors

President and CEO	Sekio Kishimoto
Managing Directors	Mitsushige YamamotoShigeharu Tachibana
Directors	Yasuyuki KondoShigeru WakamotoHiroyuki Otsuka
Outside Directors	 Mitsuyasu Iwata Kazuo Nakase Hiromitsu Kuramoto Hiroko Nihei

Operating Profit Breakdown (Mn JPY, FY3/23)

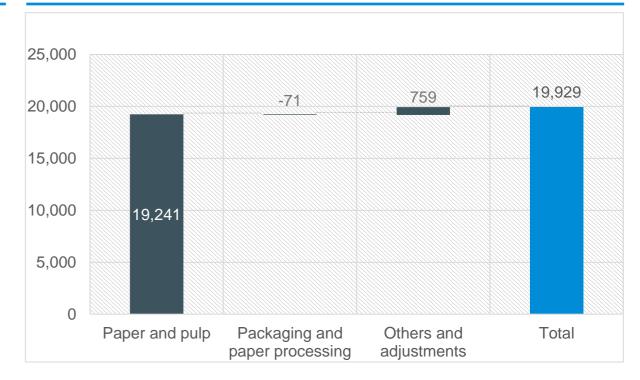


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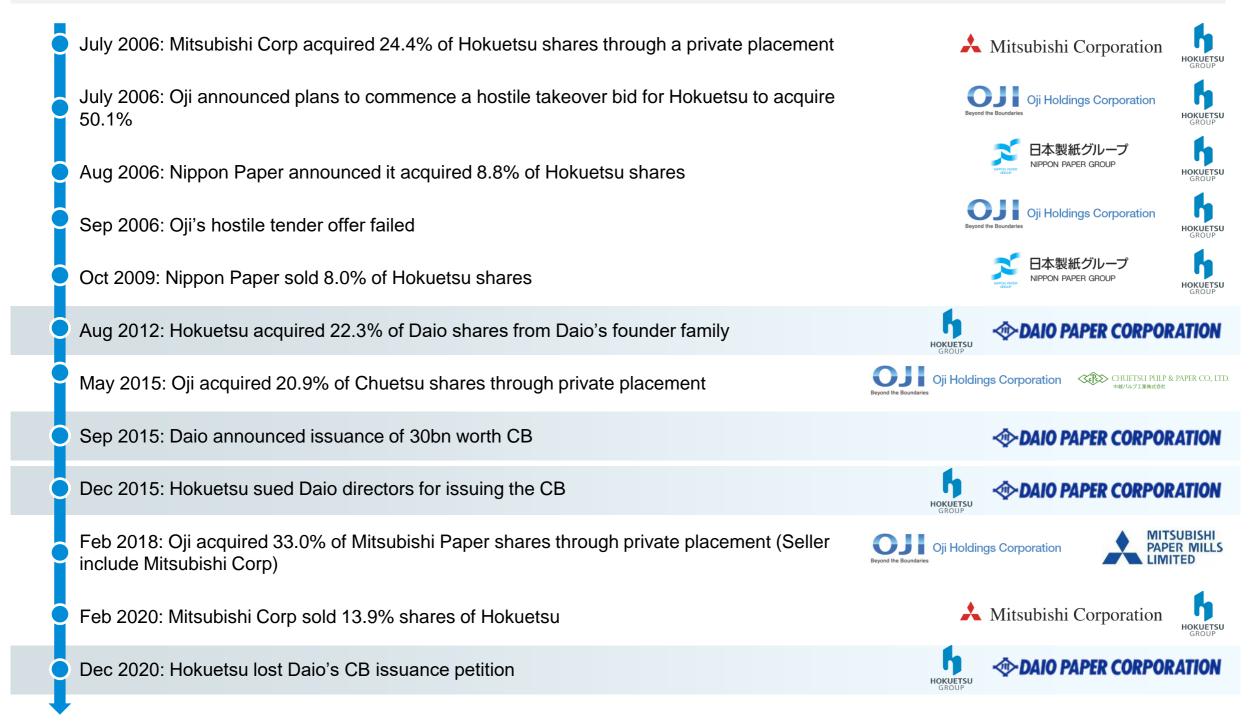
- 1. Why Shareholders Should Hold Mr. Kishimoto Accountable NOW:
 - a. Mr. Kishimoto Has Refused To Discuss Ways To Resolve Cross-Shareholdings or Realize Synergies With Daio
 - b. The Daio Cross-Shareholding is a Breach of the Corporate Governance Code & ISS/Glass Lewis Guidelines
 - c. Mr. Kishimoto Has Continuously Failed to Achieve Company Targets
 - d. Mr. Kishimoto Has Failed to Plan for the Future
 - e. Employees and Board Members are Suffering
- Our Message to our Fellow Hokuetsu Shareholders: Remove Mr. Kishimoto

Section 1-a

Mr. Kishimoto Has Refused To Discuss Ways To Resolve Cross-Shareholdings or Realize Synergies With Daio

A Bit of History: Despite Hokuetsu's Substantial Daio Shares, The Two Companies Have a Hostile Relationship

- There are no synergies achieved from the Daio cross-shareholding. The two companies have a hostile history
- Mr. Kishimoto led this hostility with Daio. We believe this important relationship cannot be repaired until Mr. Kishimoto steps down



Because of This Hostile Relationship, Hokuetsu Cannot Realize Synergies With Daio

 There has been no disclosure on how the Company intends to create synergies with Daio after the relationship soured in 2017

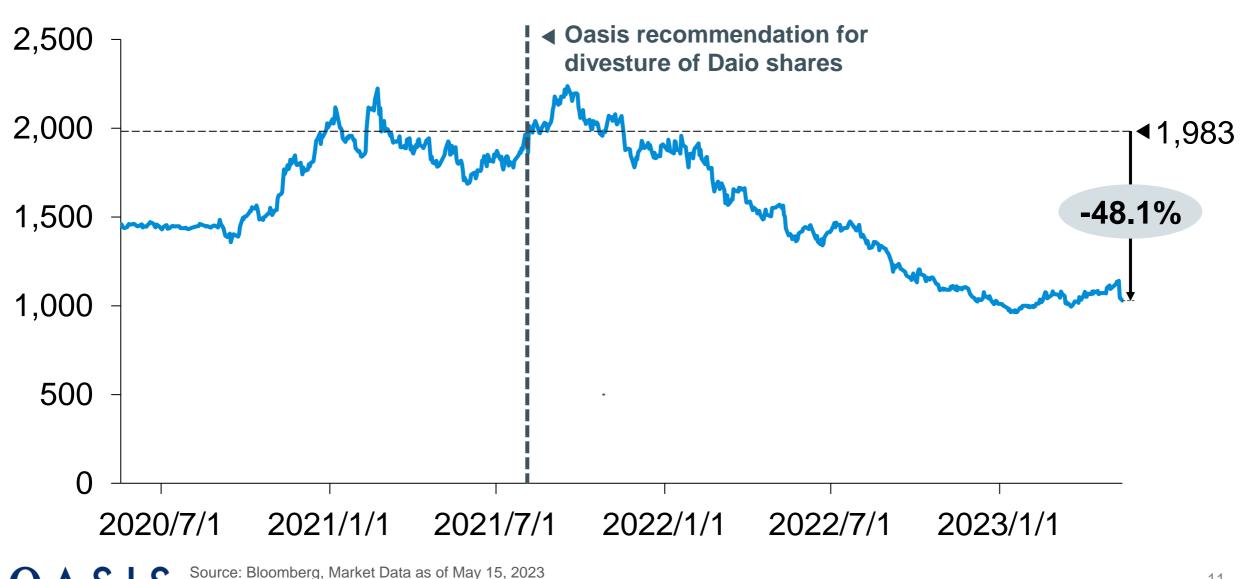
Release in 2017 showcasing lack of collaboration between the Company and Daio¹

平成 29 年 4 月 12 日	April 12, 2017
各 位	To Whom It May Concern,
北越紀州製紙株式会社	Hokuetsu Kishu Paper co. Itd,
本日の大王製紙株式会社のプレスリリースについて 大王製紙株式会社(以下「大王製紙」といいます。)は、平成29年4月12日付け「北越 紀州製紙株式会社との総合技術提携基本契約の終了に関するお知らせ」において、当社と の間で締結した平成24年11月14日付け総合技術提携基本契約(以下「本件提携基本契約」 といいます。)を終了することを公表いたしました。 しかしながら、本件提携基本契約の終了は、大王製紙が当社に一方的に通告し公表した ものであり、当社としてこれを了解したものではありません。当社は、大王製紙との建設 的な対話により、本件提携基本契約等を継続することが将来的に両社の企業価値を向上さ さるものであることを説明し、理解を得るべく努力してまいります。	 Regarding the press release issued by Daio Corporation today On a release released on April 12, 2017, Daio Corporation ("Daio") has announced the termination of the Basic Agreement for Collaborative Technology (the "Agreement") with Hokuetsu Kishu Paper co. Itd, which was signed on November 14, 2012. However, we would like to clarify that the termination of the Agreement was unilaterally announced and made public by Daio Corporation, and we did not consent to it. We believe that continuing the Agreement and constructive dialogue with Daio would enhance the corporate value of both companies in the future, and we will make efforts to explain this and seek understanding from Daio. We appreciate your attention to this matter.

Sincerely,

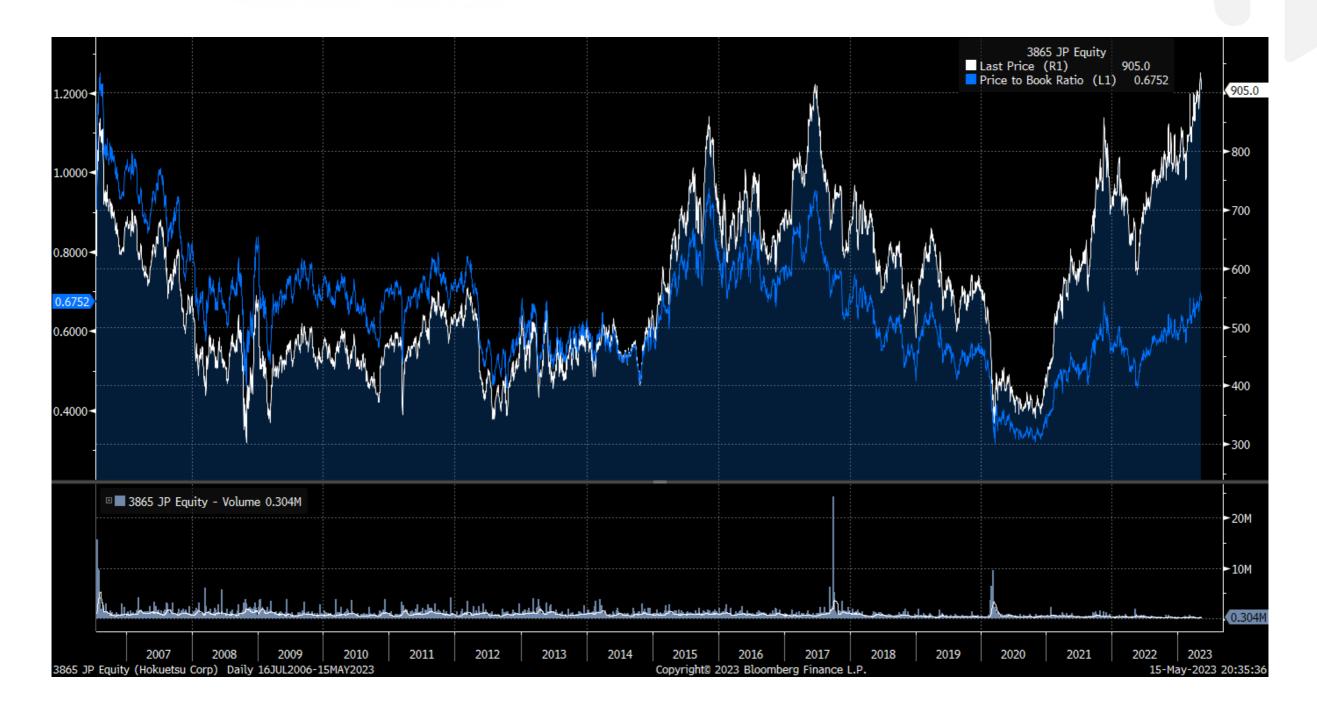
Hokuetsu's Refusal to Sell its Daio Cross-Shareholdings Led to a JPY40Bn Loss in Economic Value

- As the two companies have a hostile relationship and cannot or will not achieve synergies, Oasis publicly recommended that Hokuetsu
 divest its Daio shares in 2021
- However, Mr. Kishimoto unreasonably persisted in holding Daio paper shares, and Hokuetsu did not divest them. Daio's share price has dropped by -48.1% since Oasis' public recommendation for divesture of Daio shares, resulting in a significant loss of JPY40Bn in economic value to Hokuetsu & its shareholders. This is equivalent to approx. 5 years of Hokuetsu Net Profit
- We believe Hokuetsu is unable to make rational decisions while Mr. Kishimoto remains in power



Daio Paper Share Stock Price (3 Years)

Hokuetsu's Valuation Has Remained Far Below Book throughout Mr. Kishimoto's Tenure Due to its Massive Cross-Shareholdings

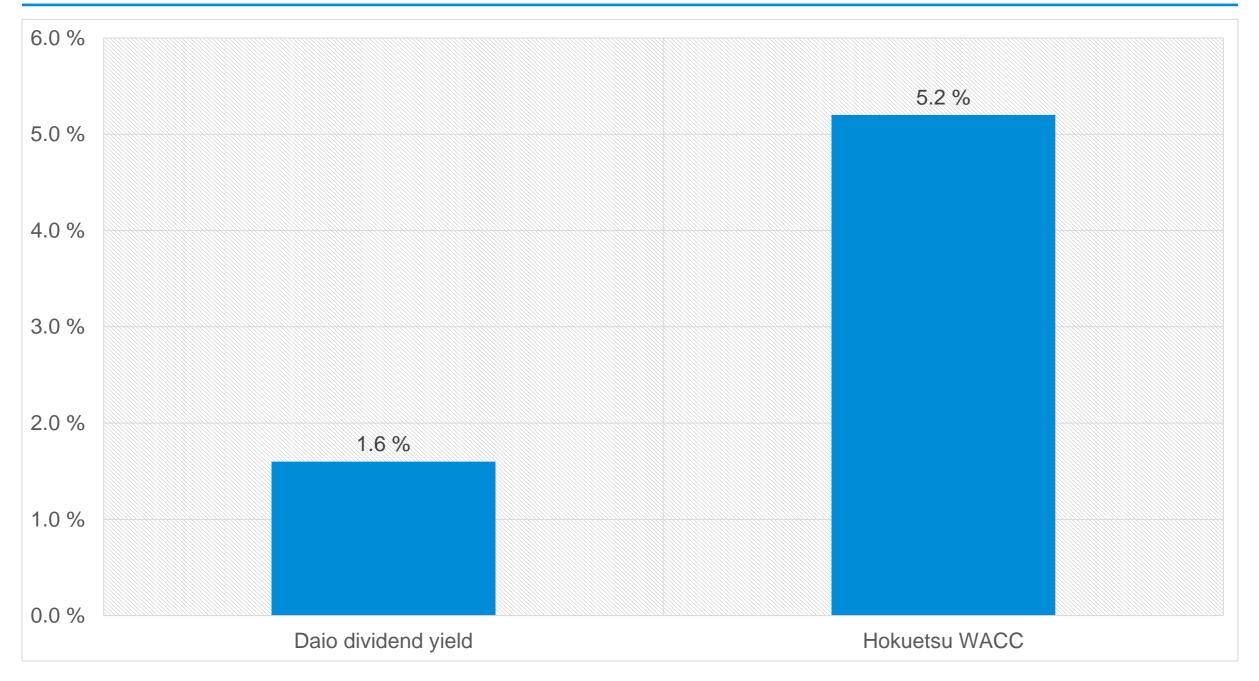


Source: Bloomberg, Market Data as of May 15, 2023

Without Synergies, Dividends are NOT a Reason to Own Daio Shares. Rather, the Ownership Destroys the Value of Hokuetsu

Daio's dividend yield is too low compared to the Hokuetsu WACC

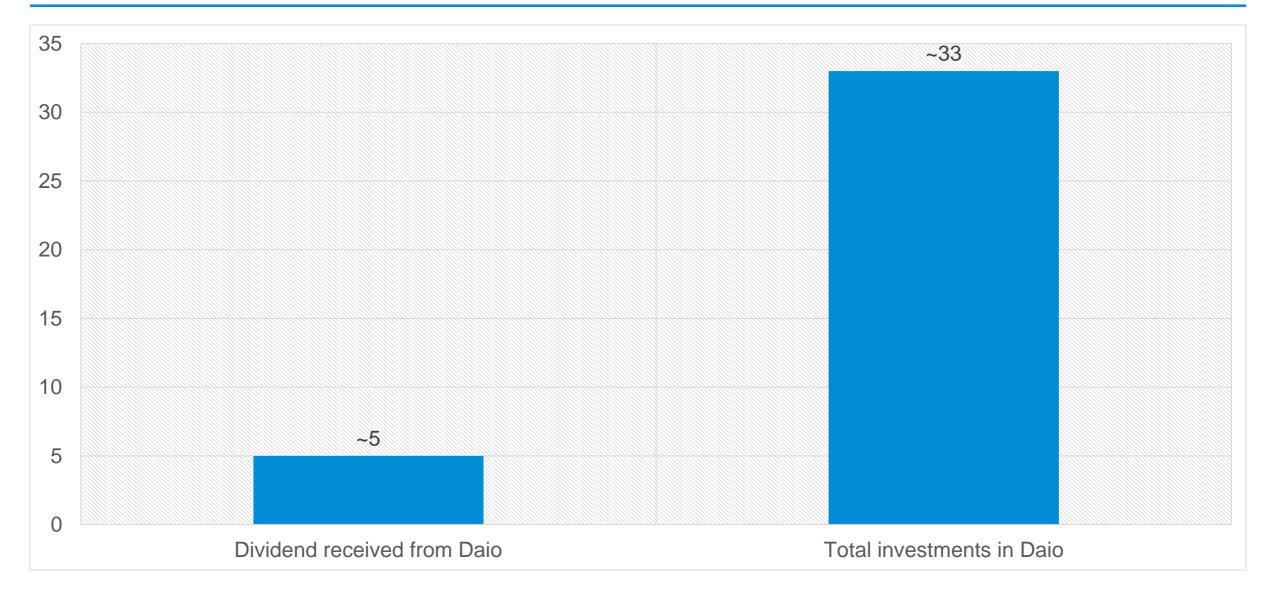
Daio Dividend Yield vs. Hokuetsu WACC



Hokuetsu's Return From Its JPY ~33Bn Daio Investment is Only JPY ~5Bn In 17 Years

- Hokuetsu has made only JPY ~5bn in return, while its total investment in Daio shares is JPY ~33bn
- This means Hokuetsu has made a 15% return over 17 years, or an 0.90% return on an annual basis
- There is no objective reason for Hokuetsu to use such a substantial amount of its balance sheet on an investment that produces such a low annual return

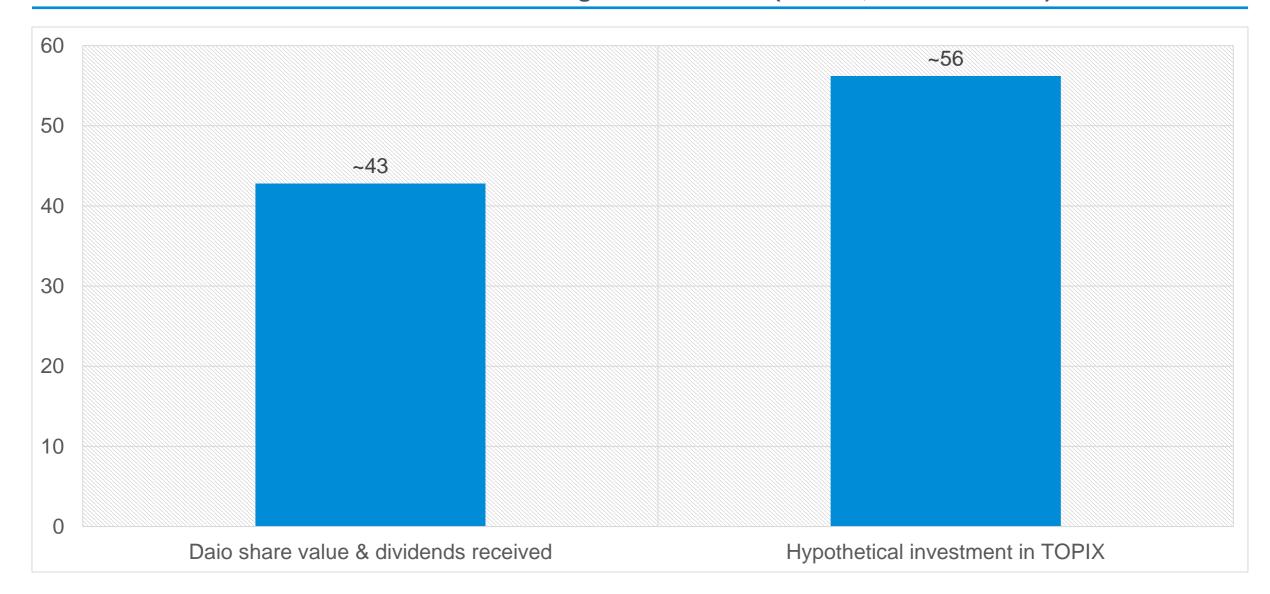
Hokuetsu Return from Investing in Daio Shares (Bn JPY, Oasis estimate)



() A

Investing In Topix Would Have Been a Better Investment For Hokuetsu

- Daio share value and dividends received from Daio amount to ~43 Bn JPY against a ~33 Bn JPY investment. This means the absolute return from Hokuetsu's investment in Daio is 29%.
- An investment in TOPIX over the same period would have returned ~56 Bn JPY, yielding a 72% return.



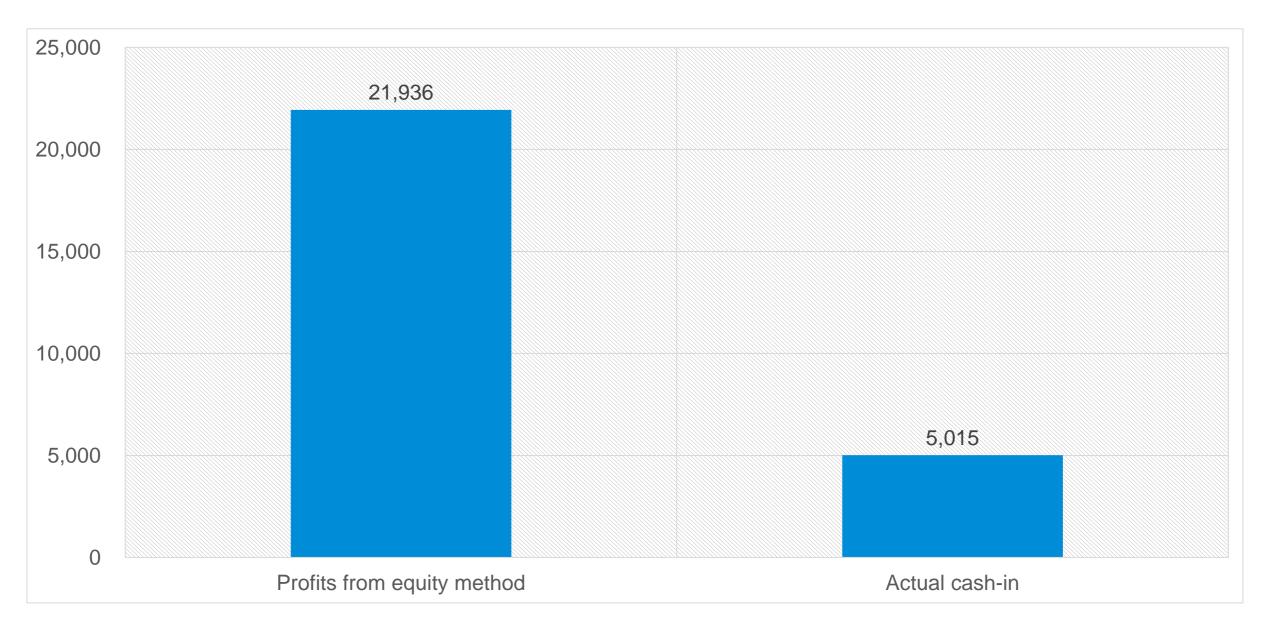
Hokuetsu Return from Investing in Daio Shares (Bn JPY, Oasis estimate)

OASIS Source: Company Disclosures Note: Analysis made based on Oasis estimates

Hokuetsu Should Not Rely on Accounting Games, but Rather, Should Focus on the Actual Cash-in

- Hokuetsu may claim that they made a profit from Daio by making it an equity method affiliate; however, actual cash-in is substantially smaller in amounts compared to profits considered through equity method
- An accounting game should not be a reason for owning Daio shares

Hokuetsu may claim Profit from Equity Method Affiliate vs. Cash In (Latest FY, Mn JPY)

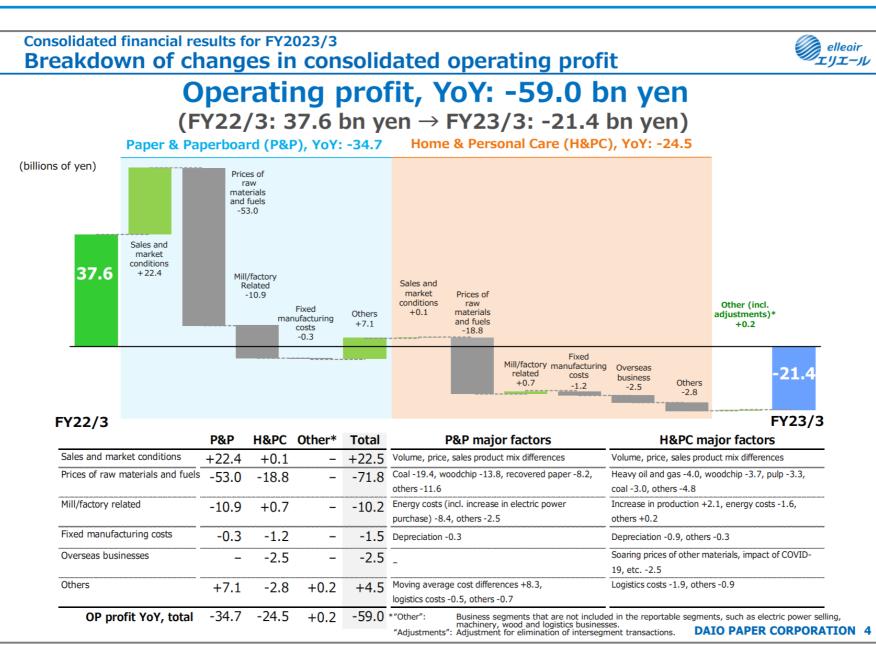


Source: Company Disclosures, Oasis analysis

AS

Daio's Earnings Have Severely Declined Due to the Energy Price Hike

- Daio shares have plunged due to the recent hike in prices of raw materials and fuels
- Despite this, Hokuetsu has taken no action, even though it is in the same industry and should have anticipated the severe earnings decline



Daio Presentation Material

Section 1-b

The Daio Cross-Shareholding is a Breach of the Corporate Governance Code & ISS/Glass Lewis Guidelines

Hokuetsu Explicitly Mentions the Purpose of Holding Daio Paper Shares as "Cross-Shareholdings" in the Significant Holder Disclosure

Hokuetsu Significant Holder in Daio

第2【提出者に関する事項】

 【提出者(大量保有者)/1】 (1)【提出者の概要】 ①【提出者(大量保有者)】 	
個人・法人の別	法人 (株式会社)
氏名又は名称	北越コーポレーション株式会社
住所又は本店所在地	新潟県長岡市西蔵王三丁目5番1号
旧氏名又は名称	
旧住所又は本店所在地	

②【個人の場合】

生年月日	
職業	
勤務先名称	
勤務先住所	

③【法人の場合】

設立年月日	明治40年4月27日		
代表者氏名	岸本 晢夫		
代表者役職	代表取締役社長CEO		
事業内容	洋紙・板紙その他の製造、加工、販売		

④【事務上の連絡先】

事務上の連絡先及び担当者名	経営戦略室長 一木 康司
電話番号	03(3245)4500

(2)【保有目的】	
政策投資目的にて保有しております。	

(3)【重要提案行為等】

該当事項なし



Japan's Corporate Governance Code Encourages the Sale of Cross-Shareholdings

• It is well known that the Corporate Governance Code encourages the sale of cross-shareholdings

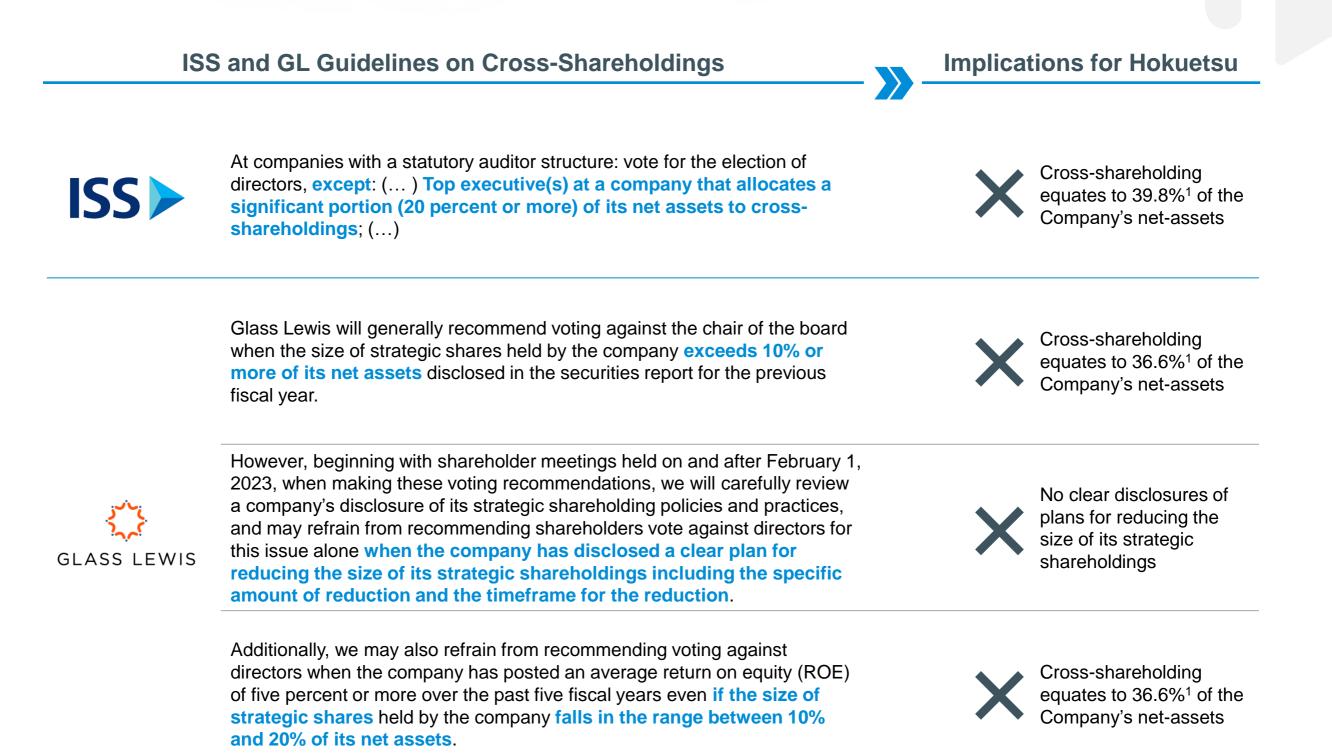
Corporate Governance Code Encourages to Sell Cross-Shareholdings

Principle 1.4 Cross-Shareholdings

When companies hold shares of other listed companies as cross-shareholdings², they should disclose their policy with respect to doing so, including their policies regarding the reduction of cross-shareholdings. In addition, the board should annually assess whether or not to hold each individual cross-shareholding, specifically examining whether the purpose is appropriate and whether the benefits and risks from each holding cover the company's cost of capital. The results of this assessment should be disclosed.

Companies should establish and disclose specific standards with respect to the voting rights as to their cross-shareholdings, and vote in accordance with the standards.

ISS & Glass Lewis Recommend Voting Against CEOs with Significant Cross-Shareholdings



Section 1-c

Mr. Kishimoto Has Continuously Failed to Achieve Company Targets

CEO Mr. Kishimoto Has Held His Role for 15 Years

- CEO Mr. Kishimoto (76) has served as a Hokuetsu board member for ~24 years and CEO for ~15 years
- The Company deserves a new CEO to execute a bold plan to secure Hokuetsu's future

Biography of Mr. Kishimoto

候補者 番 日	きし もと せき お 片 (本) いっかい かい か	 略歴、地位及び担当 1969年7月 三菱商事(株)入社 1995年7月 同社製紙原料部長 1999年3月 当社参与物資本部資材部長 1999年6月 当社取締役物資本部副本部長兼資材部長 2001年6月 当社常務取締役物資本部長 2004年6月 当社専務取締役物資本部長 2006年7月 当社代表取締役副社長 2007年6月 当社代表取締役副社長 CO-CEO 2008年4月 当社代表取締役社長 CEO(現任)
	取締役候補者とした理由	

岸本哲夫氏は、2008年4月より代表取締役社長として強いリーダーシップを発揮して、当社グループの急速な拡大及 びグローバル化を実現してまいりました。また、三菱商事(㈱及び当社における豊富な業務経験とグローバルな事業経営 に関する知見を有しており、昨年新たに策定した長期経営ビジョン「Vision 2030」および「中期経営計画 2023」達 成のために欠くことのできない能力と経験を有する同氏には、今後も当社の長期安定的な企業価値の向上への貢献が期 待できると判断し、引き続き取締役候補者といたしました。

Mr. Kishimoto Has Failed to Deliver on Almost ALL of His Promises Over the Past Decade

	Target for midterm plan ending 2020/3 (Bn JPY)			Target for midterm plan ending 2017/3 (Bn JPY)			Target for midterm plan ending 2014/3 (Bn JPY)		
ltem	Target		Actual	Target		Actual	Target		Actual
Sales	300.0	×	264.6	270.0	×	262.4	235.0	×	223.9
Operating income	15.0	×	11.2	13.5	×	12.9	_	_	_
Operating margin	5.0%	×	4.2%	5%	×	4.9%	_	_	_
Ordinary income	—	—	—	—	—	_	15.0	×	8.6
Ordinary income margin	_	_	_	_	_	_	6.3%	×	3.8%
ROE	6.0%	×	4.3%	_	_	_	_	_	_
EBITDA	40.0	×	34.9	33.0	\checkmark	33.9	34.0	×	26.9
EBITDA margin	_	_	—	_	—	_	14.4%	×	12.0%
Net debt/ equity	Below 0.6	\checkmark	0.47						

Mr. Kishimoto Failed Again this Year to Achieve the Mid-Term Plan

- Hokuetsu's results fell significantly short of the targets set in its current mid-term plan
- These results are unacceptable. Hokuetsu's reappointment of Mr. Kishimoto as CEO demonstrates clear governance failures, considering the Company's current and past results

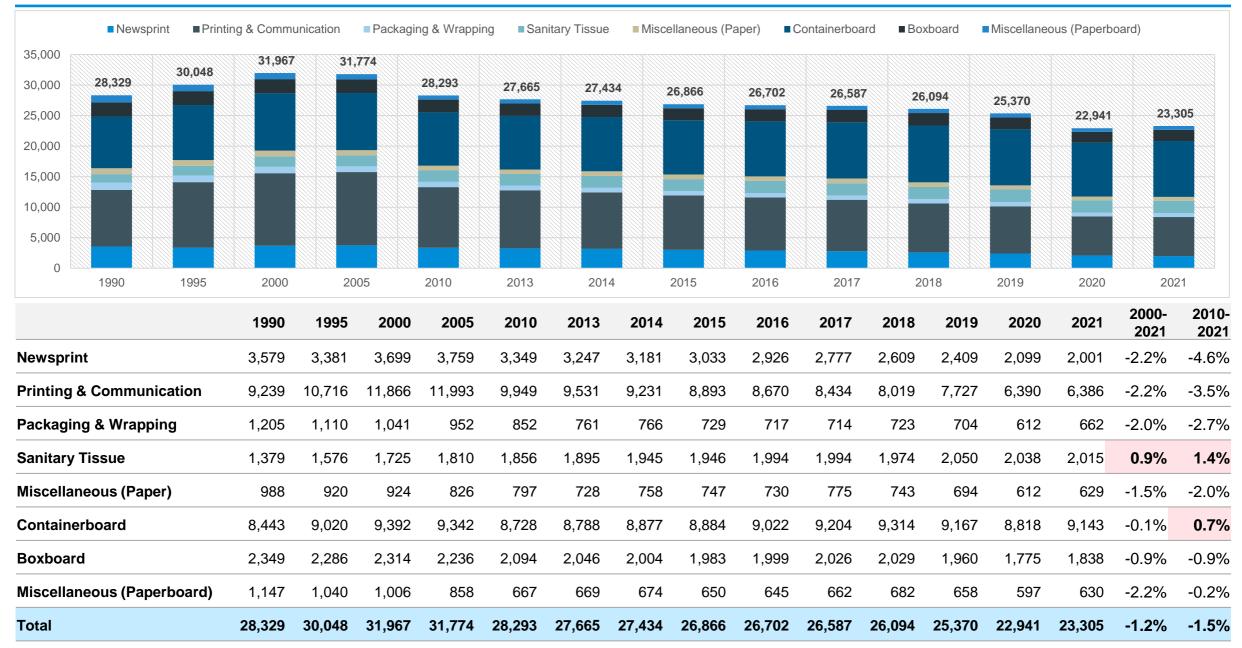
	Hokuetsu Mid-term Plan Target	Current Hokuetsu Guidance	Achievement
Sales	280.0	301.2	X
Operating Profit	15.0	17.3	
Ordinary Profit	20.0	11.5	X
Net Income	15.0	8.3	X
ROE	7.0%	3.8%	X
EBITDA	35.0	30.0	X

Section 1-d

Mr. Kishimoto Has Failed to Plan for the Future

Japan's Paper Industry Is In Severe Decline Due to the "Paperless" Trend

- The paper industry has been shrinking at -1.5% CAGR since 2010
- · Sanitary paper and containerboard are the only products which have grown

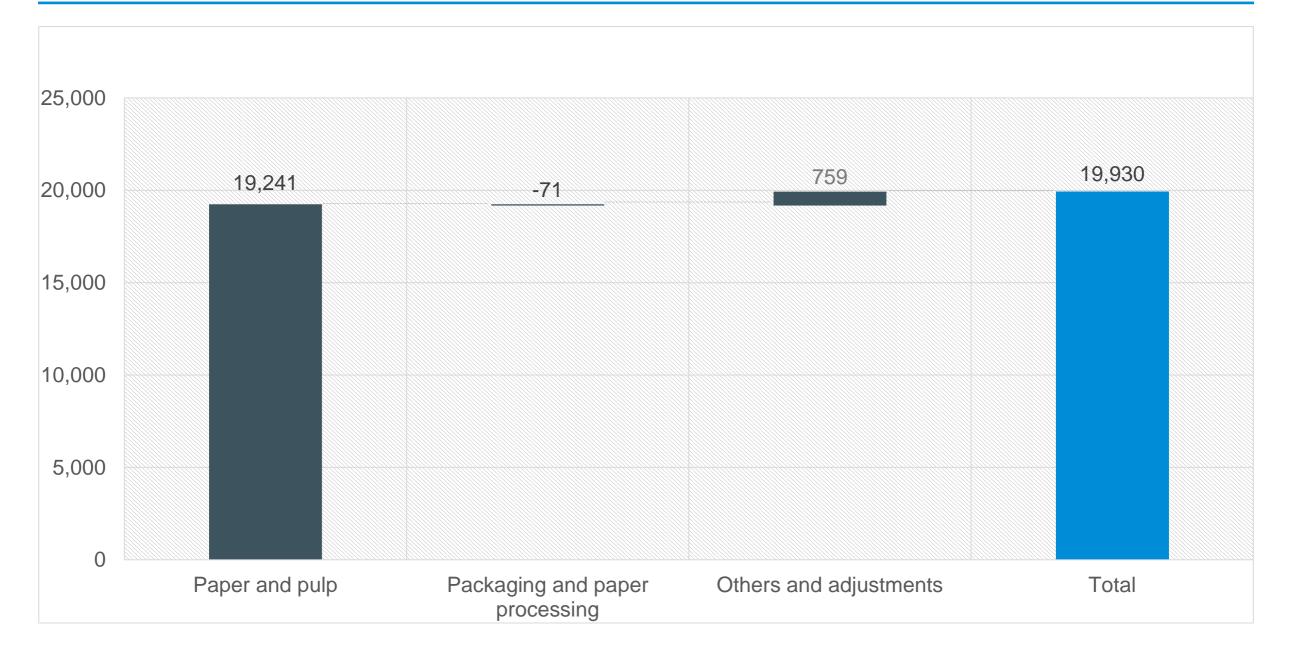


Production of Paper in Japan (th tn)

Hokuetsu's Business is Heavily Weighted to Paper Pulp Prices

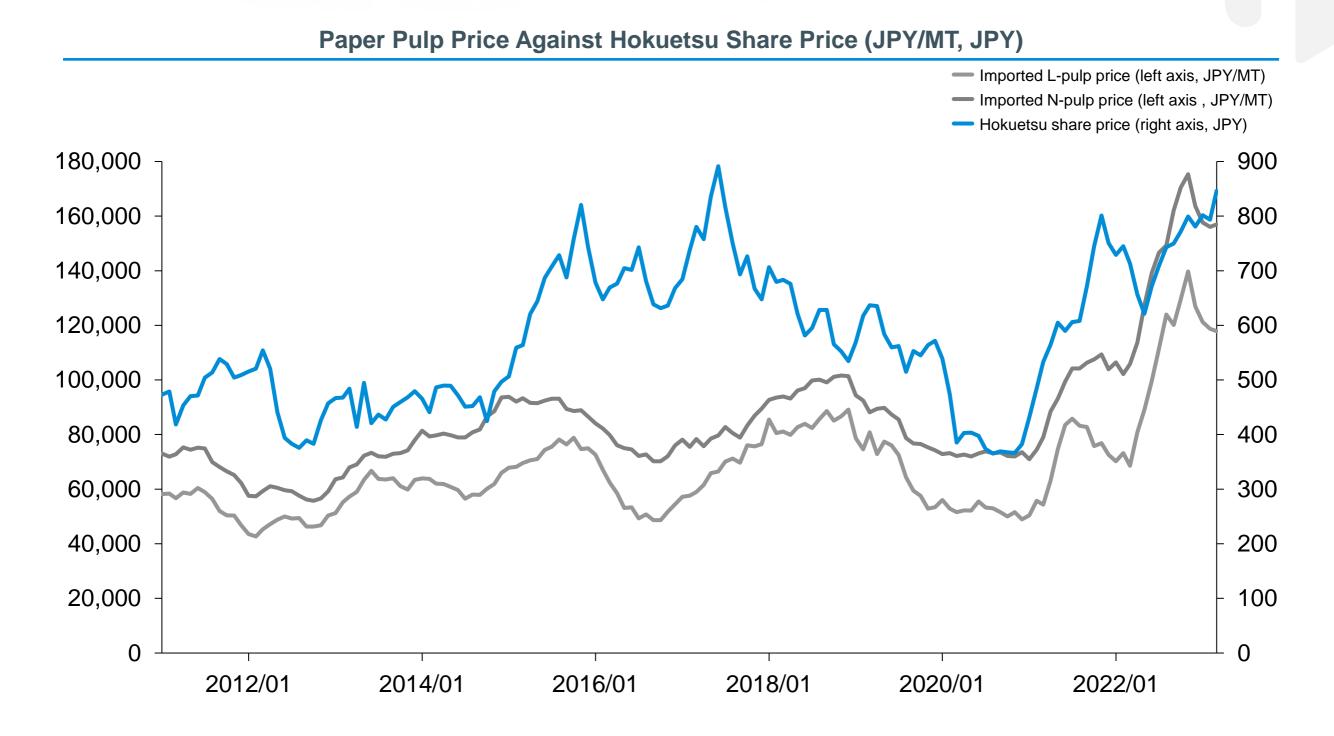
 Mr. Kishimoto led the Company's focus on the declining paper business, missing substantial opportunities in the renewable energy business

Hokuetsu Operating Profit Breakdown (FY3/23)



OASIS[°]

Recent Hokuetsu Stock Price Strength is Due to High Pulp Prices, and NOT a Result of Good Management



Hokuetsu's Management Have Had an Inconsistent Business Strategy



May 2021



Hokuetsu announces it will enter the household paper business, such as tissues and toilet papers, under which they will invest 15 Bn JPY

to achieve a 5~6 Bn JPY of sales at max capacity

November 2022



Hokuetsu announces it will pause its entrance into the household paper business,

as profitability of this is in question as competitors increase capacity and material prices rise



Section 1-e

Employees and Board Members are Suffering

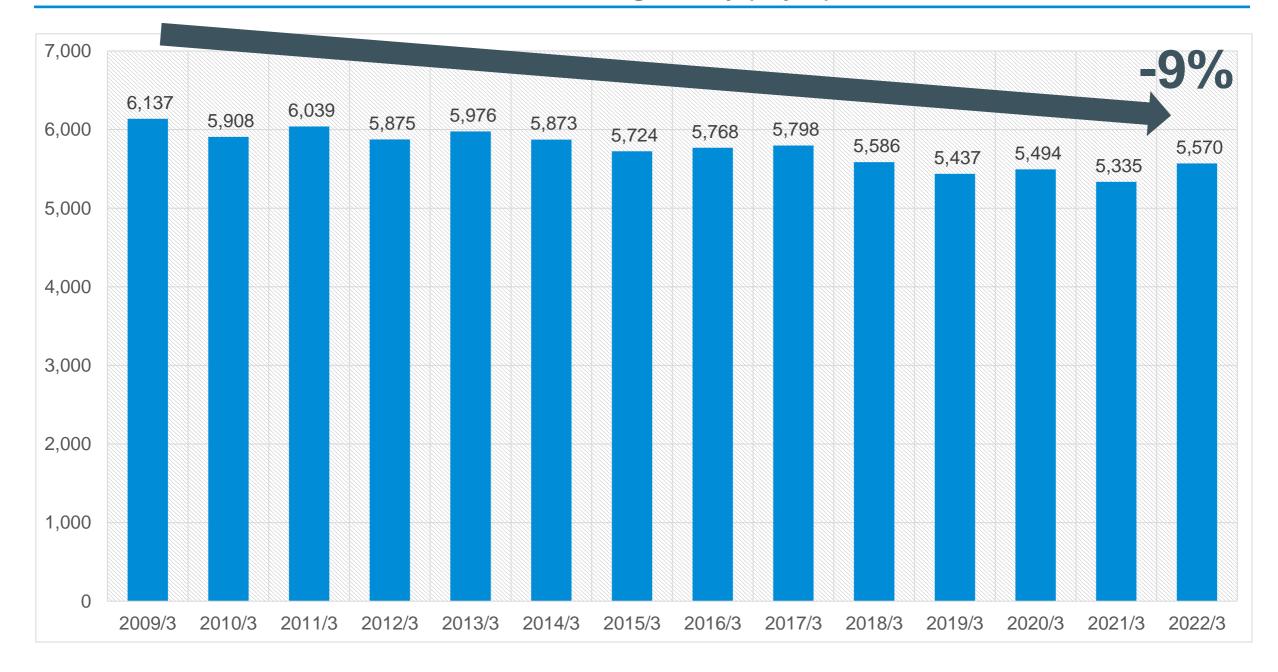
Employees are Suffering Due to the Company's Mismanagement

We heard from Hokuetsu employees who complained that the Company's mismanagement was due to Mr. Kishimoto's leadership and that, as a result, their salary has decreased, bringing down employee morale



Hokuetsu Employee Salaries Have Decreased Over Mr. Kishimoto's Tenure

• During Mr. Kishimoto's tenure as CEO, the average salary of Hokuetsu employees decreased by -9%



Hokuetsu Average Salary (th yen)

During Mr. Kishimoto's Tenure, An Employee Embezzled Funds in 2015

- In 2015, an employee of Hokuetsu embezzled funds
- The Company lost JPY2.5bn on the incident

Wrongdoing in 2015

当社連結子会社における元従業員による不正行為に係る調査結果及び再発防止策について

当社は、平成27年5月12日付「平成27年3月期決算短信(連結)の発表の延期に関するお 知らせ」においてお知らせしたとおり、連結子会社一社の会計処理に懸念を生じさせる事実が 発覚したことから、調査委員会を立ち上げ、同委員会による調査等を進めた結果、連結子会社 において元従業員による不正行為(以下「本件不正行為」といいます。)が確認されました。 本日、同委員会による調査結果の報告を受け、当社取締役会で再発防止策等について決議い たしましたので、調査結果及び再発防止策等について下記のとおりお知らせいたします。 株主及び取引先の皆さまをはじめ、関係各位の皆さまに多大なるご迷惑とご心配をおかけい たしましたことを、深くお詫び申し上げます。

記

1. 調査委員会の組織

委員	長	糸魚川	順	(社外監査役、	独立役員)
副委員	長	松木	和道	(常務取締役、	チーフ・コンプライアンス・オフィサー)
委	員	鈴木	信里	(社外監査役、	独立役員)
委	員	堀川	淳一	(常勤監査役)	

2. 不正行為の概要

当社の100%子会社である北越トレイディング株式会社(以下「HTC」といいます。)の総務 部長であった元従業員1名(以下「本件元従業員」といいます。)が、平成12年4月以降、 本件不正行為が発覚するまでの間、HTC名義で締結されていた銀行との当座貸越契約を利用 して、不正に小切手を振り出し、現金に換金することなどにより着服していました。また、 着服金の穴を埋めるため、架空の商品在庫や前払費用を計上していたほか、借入をオフバラ ンスにするなどして、着服金の隠蔽を図っていました。不正借入からオフバランスの当座預 金残高などを除いた着服合計金額は、2,476百万円であります。着服金は、主にギャンブル、

Mr. Kishimoto Fired All Younger Directors in an Effort to Preserve His Leadership

- Since Mr. Kishimoto became CEO in 2008, he has fired all the other senior directors in order to preserve his role and maintain his rule over the company
- For the upcoming AGM, the Company announced Mr. Yamamoto, Mr. Kondo and Mr. Otsuka will leave the company

Board of Director of Hokuestu

		2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Sekio Kishimoto												2010				
Masaki Suzuki																
Kiyoshi Tamura																
Masahide Yano	External															
Masaaki Miwa																
Norihiko Shimokoshi																
Minoru Hotta																
Osamu Suzuki																
Koichi Akagawa																
Hiroshi Sugawara																
Kazunori Hosoi																
Michio Tsuchida																
Sohei Onoda																i
Yasuhiro Yamada																i
Takayuki Sasaki																
Fumiki Asai																
Yoichi Haruki																
Shinichi Kinoshita																
Michio Kaga	External															
Kazumishi Matsuki																
Fumio Abe																
Kazuhiro Aoki																
Yoshihisa lezato																
Akira Murakoshi	External															
Yasushi Nirasawa																
Masanori Sakamoto																
Yu Suzuki																
Yoshinori Kawashima																
Morigami Obata	External till 2014															
Takahito Meguro																
Mitsushige Yamamoto																
Kimio Uchiyama																
Yasumitsu lwata	External															
Noboru Ushijima	External															
Shuji Sekimoto																
Yasuyuki Kondo																
Shigeharu Tachibana																
Kazuo Nakase	External															
Shigeru Wakamoto																
Hiroyuki Otsuka																
Masayuki Kuribayashi																
Hiromitsu Kuribayashi	External															
Hiroko Nihei	External															

The Board Needs to be Refreshed for Future Growth

- The average age of directors on Hokuetsu's board is 67, and only one female director sits on the board
- Mr. Kishimoto should step down so the company can make decisions and take action for future growth
- We believe Mr. Tachibana has sufficient experience in the industry to run the Company after Mr. Kishimoto steps down. At the same time, we believe continuous efforts to bring the best talent to the board will be required for the future

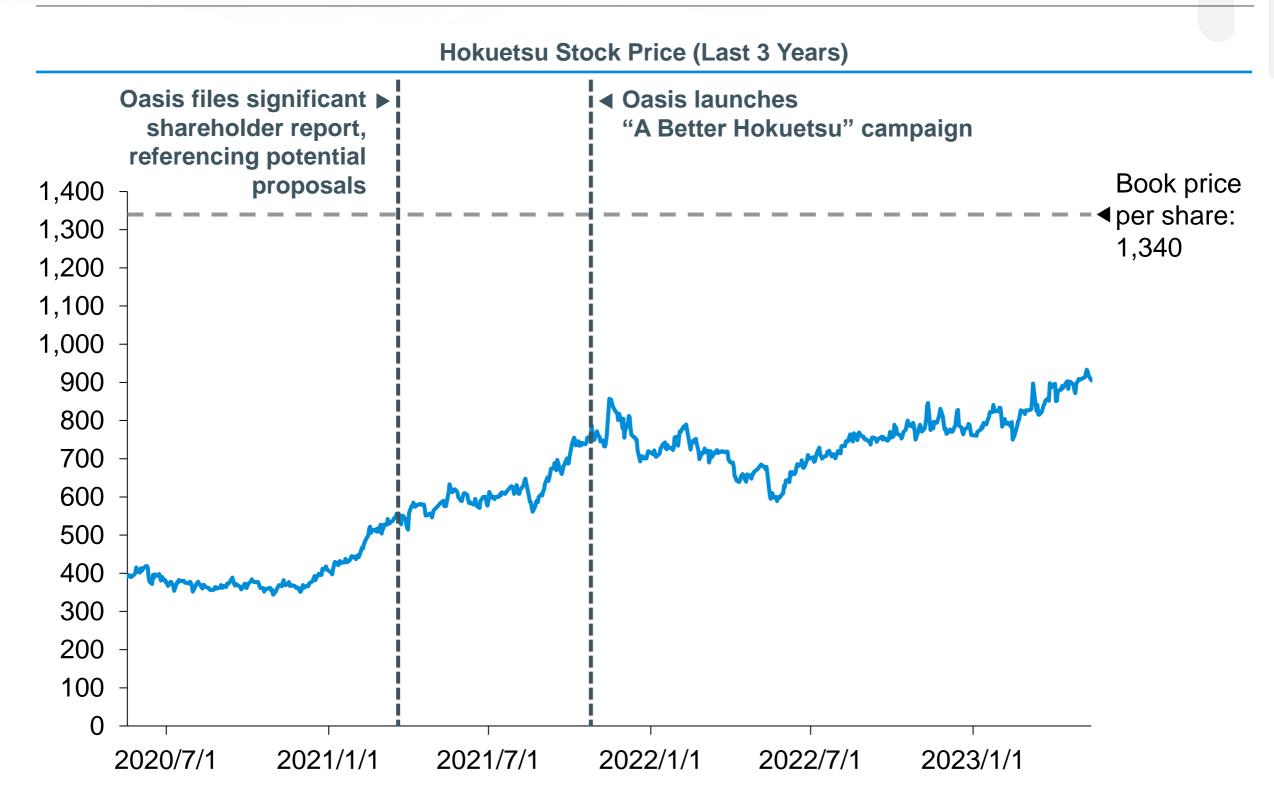
No.	Position	Name	Age	Internal / Outside	Nationality	Gender	Former Career
1.	President and CEO	Sekio Kishimoto	77	Internal	Japan	Male	Mitsubishi Corp
2.	Managing Director	Mitsushige Yamamoto	66	Internal	Japan	Male	Hokuetsu
3.	Managing Director	Shigeharu Tachibana	64	Internal	Japan	Male	Hokuetsu
4.	Director	Yasuyuki Kondo	65	Internal	Japan	Male	Hokuetsu
5.	Director	Shigeru Wakamoto	65	Internal	Japan	Male	Hokuetsu
6.	Director	Hiroyuki Otsuka	65	Internal	Japan	Male	Hokuetsu
7.	Outside Director	Mitsuyasu Iwata	76	External	Japan	Male	METI
8.	Outside Director	Kazuo Nakase	73	External	Japan	Male	Mitsubishi Paper
9.	Outside Director	Hiromitsu Kuramoto	74	External	Japan	Male	Nippon Yusen
10.	Outside Director	Hiroko Nihei	46	External	Japan	Female	Lawyer
State	5		67.1	External: 40%	Japanese: 100%	Female: 10%	

Board Members

Section 2

Our Message to our Fellow Hokuetsu Shareholders: Remove Mr. Kishimoto

The Company's Stock Price Has Increased Since Our Engagement, Yet Hokuetsu Still Trades Far Below Book Value



OASIS

Source: Bloomberg, Market Data as of May 15, 2023

Oasis' Requests for a Meeting with Mr. Kishimoto Have Been Repeatedly Declined, Despite Being the Largest Shareholder

Corporate Governance Code Supplementary Principle 5.1.1

Taking the requests and interests of shareholders into consideration, to the extent reasonable, the senior management, directors, including outside directors, and kansayaku, should have a basic position to engage in dialogue (management meetings) with shareholders.

9	Oasis requests meeting with Mr. Kishimoto in
2021/5/13	IR interview
2021/6/1	È Letter
2021/8/12	Discussion session
2021/10/26	È Letter
2021/12/14	Discussion session
2022/1/19	IR interview
2022/5/27	Discussion session
2022/8/19	IR interview
2022/12/1	IR interview
2023/2/24	Discussion session
2023/2/10	È Letter
2023/3/17	Discussion session

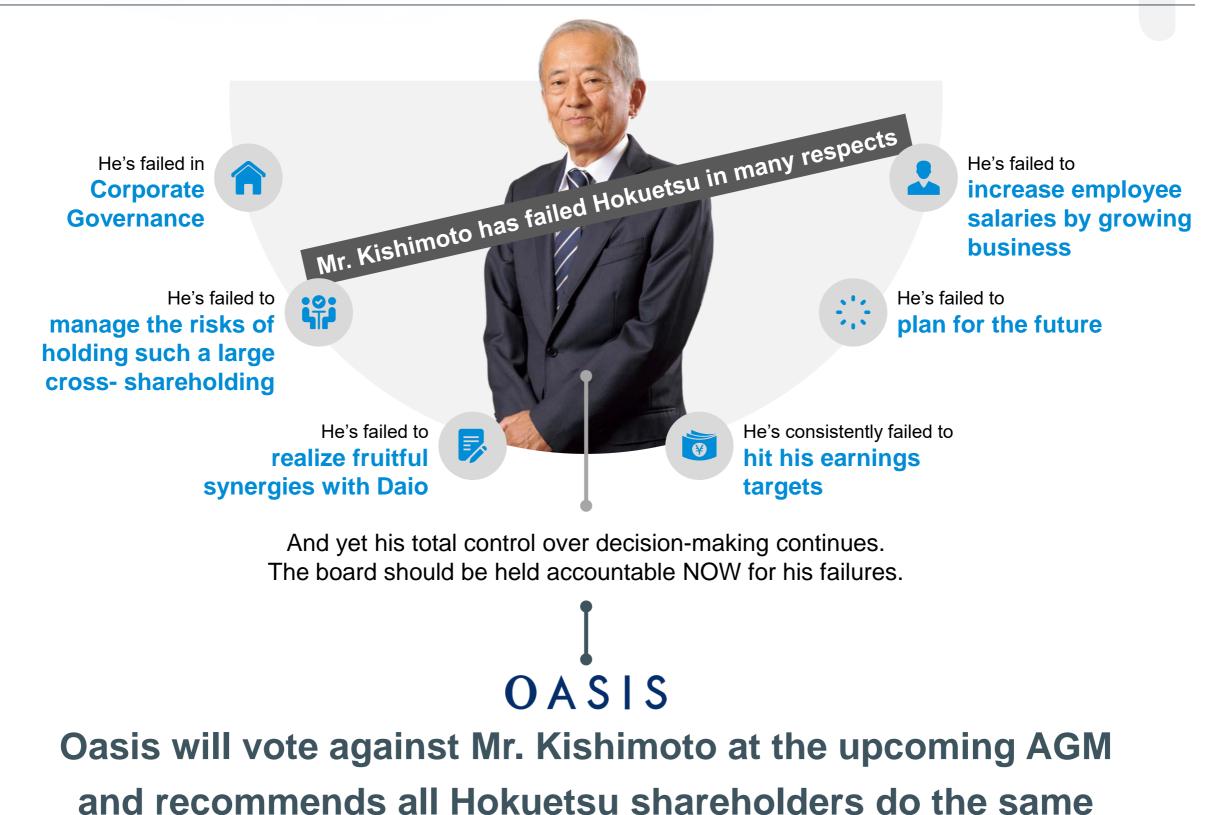
History of Oasis' meeting requests with Mr. Kishimoto

Hokuetsu shareholders

Holder Name	% Out
1. 🛨 Oasis Management Co Ltd	18.00
2. Hokuetsu Corp	10.32
3. Misuga Kaiun Co Ltd	10.00
4. Government Pension Investment Fund Japan	5.54
5. 🖶 Daishi Hokuetsu Financial Group Inc	4.59
6. Sompo Holdings Inc	4.35
7. Mizuho Financial Group Inc	3.81
8. HOKUETSU CORP MOCHIKABUKAI	3.64
9. Sumitomo Realty & Development Co Ltd	3.23
10. 🖶 Dimensional Fund Advisors LP	3.13
11. 🖶 Vanguard Group Inc/The	2.36
12. BNY GCM CLIENT ACCOUNT JPRD AC	2.32
13. 🖶 Merrill Lynch & Co Inc	2.03
14. 🖶 Nomura Holdings Inc	1.99
15. 🖶 Tokio Marine Holdings Inc	1.20
16. BlackRock Inc	1.17
17. 🖬 Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Holdings Inc	1.02
18. 🖬 Daiwa Securities Group Inc	0.91
19. KPP Group Holdings Co Ltd	0.84
20. Japan Pulp & Paper Co Ltd	0.66

Oasis Message to the Hokuetsu Fellow Shareholders

OASIS



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Contact Us



Help us improve Hokuetsu by accountability NOW

For questions, please reach out to:

Info@hokuetsucorpgov.com

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