### **Production Networks and US Anti-Dumping Petitions**

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# WHAT MAKES FIRMS POLITICALLY POWERFUL?

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We instead emphasize connections between firms:

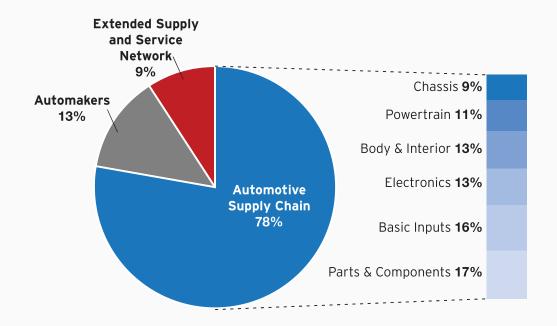
domestic production network

**Firm Power and Production Networks** 

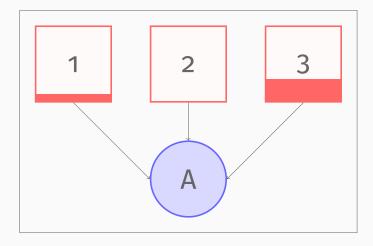
# **Domestic production networks**

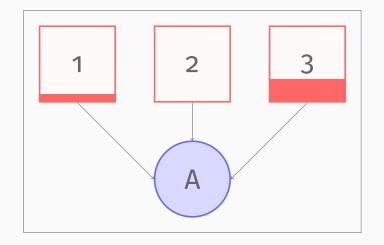
Firms source from many other industries

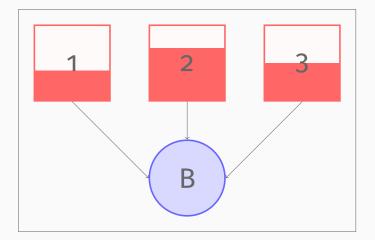
## **Domestic production networks**



Automotive production in Tennessee. Source: Brookings Advanced Industries Series, 2013.







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- $\Rightarrow$  increased political clout

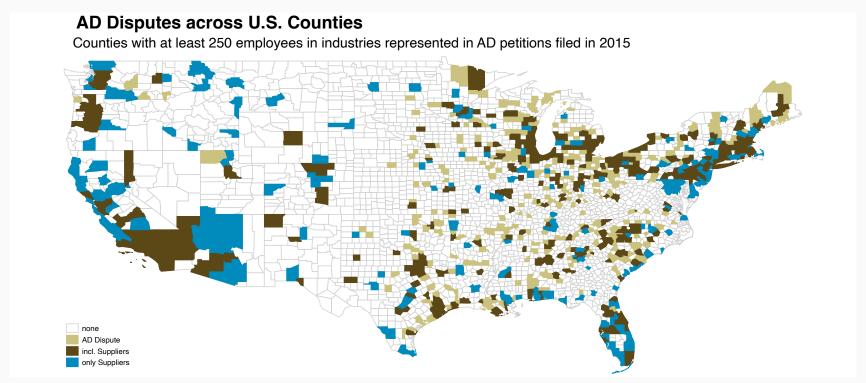


FIGURE 1 U.S. counties where at least 250 employees are affected directly (in light green), directly and indirectly (in dark green), or only indirectly (in blue) by anti-dumping petitions filed in 2015.

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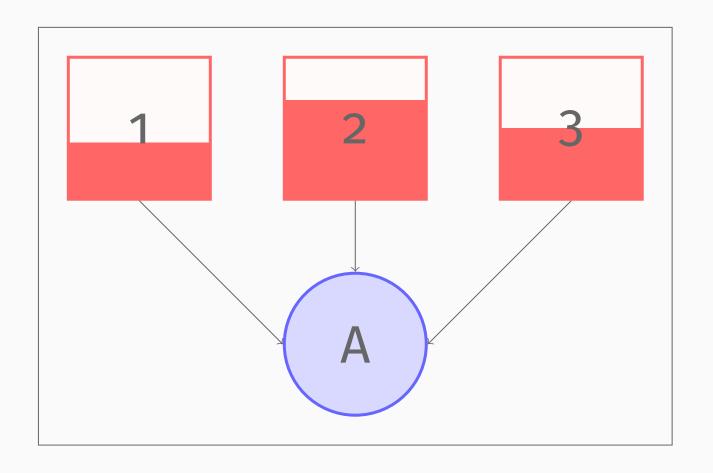
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### $\Rightarrow$ larger production networks increase success rates

### **Data**



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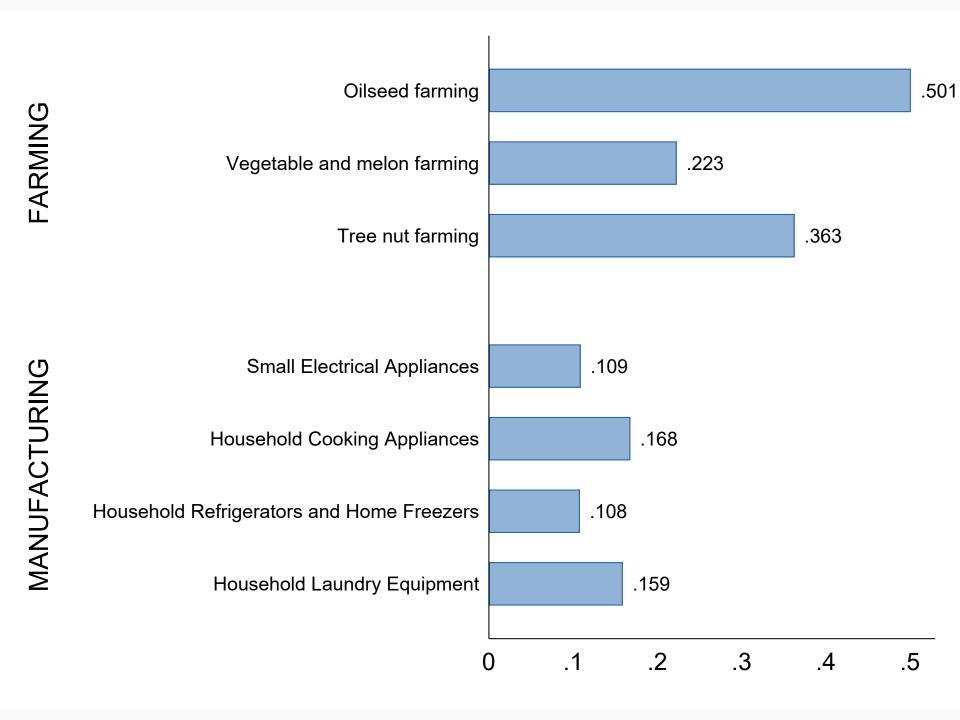
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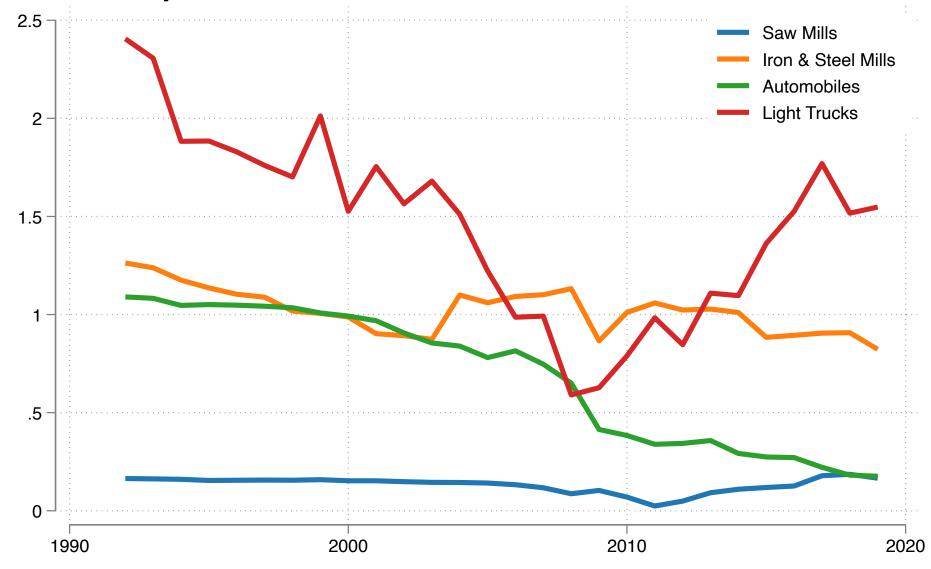
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Data from U.S. BEA, Input-Output Tables: in total, over 600,000 customer-supplier relationships



# Values of $\eta^M$ for select Industries



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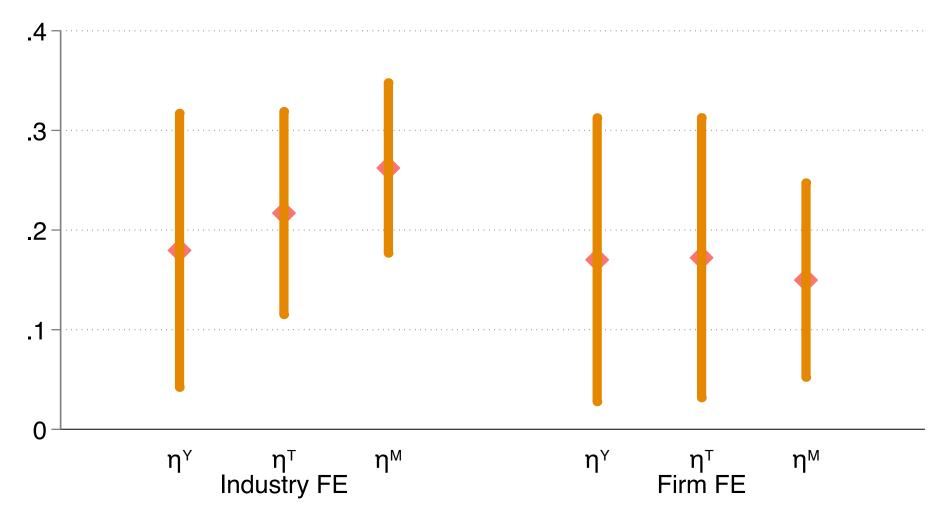
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Firm-Product-Case as unit:  $\eta$  derived from product

 $\rightarrow$  allows for firm-level FE

### **Marginal Effects on Success Rates**

one std. dev. below mean → one std. dev. above mean



Controls included for political influence (lobbying, campaign contributions, size, mobility, election year) and case attributes (import penetration, exchange rate, NME, steel).

## Conclusion

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globalization backlash and political support: compounds **political costs of offshoring** 

