ABOUT THE AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR MENINGITIS PREVENTION (ASMP)

Patti Wukovits and Alicia Stillman each lost their young, healthy daughters too soon to Meningitis B, a disease that is now preventable through vaccination. In 2012, high school senior Kimberly, 17, Patti’s daughter, died one week before her graduation. In 2013, college sophomore Emily, 19, Alicia’s daughter, died just 36 hours after her first symptoms. In 2014, to educate the public about meningococcal meningitis and meningitis vaccination, both mothers established foundations named after their daughters. Patti and Alicia have since joined forces to launch the American Society for Meningitis Prevention (ASMP) to make sure other families don’t needlessly suffer the same fate.

In the case of Kimberly and Emily, they didn’t have a chance to be fully vaccinated against meningococcal meningitis. Today, you do.

The goal of ASMP is to empower all people to take action to prevent meningococcal meningitis. Help us achieve a world without meningococcal meningitis.

Want to get involved or learn more about ASMP?

CONTACT US
meningitisprevention.org
info@meningitisprevention.org

YOU CAN PROTECT YOURSELF AGAINST MENINGOCOCCAL MENINGITIS!

That’s something to smile about.

Meningococcal meningitis can be deadly. Make sure you are not missing any of the vaccines needed to help prevent it. It could save your life.
The CDC recommends that the MenB vaccine may be given between 16-23, preferably between 16-18.

MENINGOCOCCAL MENINGITIS can affect all ages, but adolescents and young adults are among the high-risk groups.

MENINGOCOCCAL BACTERIA can cause a life-threatening bloodstream infection (that may lead to sepsis) or meningitis (infection of the membranes that surround the brain and spinal cord) – or both.

WHAT IS MENINGOCOCCAL MENINGITIS?
The most common form of bacterial meningitis in adolescents and young adults.

MAINLY CAUSED BY
5 types of meningococcal bacteria: A–B–C–W–Y.

It can attack without warning and
SYMPTOMS INCLUDE:

IT IS EASY TO SPREAD from person-to-person.

IT CAN BE DEADLY. It can kill in as little as 24 hours or cause permanent complications: brain damage, hearing loss, learning disabilities or limb amputations.

MENINGOCOCCAL MENINGITIS CAN AFFECT ALL AGES, but adolescents and young adults are among the high-risk groups.

MOST SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS DON’T INCLUDE ALL MENINGOCOCCAL MENINGITIS VACCINES. You may think your child is protected against meningitis, but few people are fully vaccinated against meningococcal meningitis.

ARE YOU MISSING ANY OF THE VACCINES NEEDED TO HELP PREVENT MENINGOCOCCAL MENINGITIS?

Make sure you are vaccinated against ALL 5 types of meningococcal bacteria most likely to cause meningococcal meningitis: A–B–C–W–Y.

You and your healthcare provider can choose from two options recommended by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):

1. MenACWY Vaccine
2. MenB* Vaccine

MenACWY Vaccine + MenB* Vaccine

MenACWY Vaccine + MenB Vaccine

MenACWY Vaccine

MenB Vaccine

OPTION 1

OPTION 2

CHECK THE BOXES!

Ask your healthcare provider if you have received all the necessary meningitis vaccines.

* The CDC recommends that the MenB vaccine may be given between 16-23, preferably between 16-18.