

Roadmap for Exiting the Crisis in Afghanistan

Perspective

This roadmap formed as a result of three rounds of Vienna Process dialogues for a democratic Afghanistan, outlines the vision of establishing and revitalizing a system based on constitutional law in Afghanistan. The document charts a course to end the oppressive rule of the Taliban, cease systematic human rights violations, eliminate gender apartheid, and seek ways for the social, political, and cultural participation of the Afghan people. It also strives to prevent the massacre of ethnic and religious groups, particularly the Hazaras, by terrorist groups, systematic and targeted killings, forced displacement of indigenous people, and the seizure of their lands by the Taliban, as well as the potential threats posed by allied terrorist groups to regional and global security, are among the issues addressed by the Vienna Process.

This roadmap envisions the formation of a broad umbrella with the participation of women, men, ethnic groups, and all political, cultural, and social entities in Afghanistan as the singular solution to the country's crisis. The key objectives of this roadmap include establishing a political system based on civic, Islamic, and democratic values, where governance and legitimacy derive from the free will of the people. Such political authority must be based on the rule of law, and its core content will shape Afghanistan as a united, prosperous, stable, non-discriminatory, and non-violent nation, ensuring justice, guaranteeing the rights and freedoms of citizens. Additionally, the document underscores the importance of mobilizing forces, especially women, restoring Afghanistan's international standing, and strengthening coordinated relations among different regions and ethnic groups as vital components.

Principles

Belief and Commitment to:

- 1. National sovereignty, territorial integrity, and national unity of Afghanistan.
- 2. Establishing a system based on constitutional law and elections.
- 3. Creating and ensuring "human security," sustainable development, and overall stability.
- 4. Ensuring justice and avoiding discrimination, violence, and extremism.

5. Promoting a culture of mutual acceptance free from ethnic, linguistic, cultural, religious, gender, and political biases.

Objectives:

- Strengthening and expanding coordination and coherence among forces opposing the Taliban.
- Strengthening the groundwork for ensuring social justice and abolishing any structural and systematic discrimination and tyranny in the country.
- Creating a platform for discussion on the constitution, including the nature of the future political system.
- Mobilizing public support for anti-Taliban groups and people's resistance both domestically and internationally.
- Revitalizing Afghanistan's rightful place in the international community.
- Cleansing the country from the presence of terrorist groups, extremism, and their training centers.
- Putting an end to the culture of judicial impunity and ensuring uniform and consistent law enforcement.

Executive Mechanism:

The participants in the Vienna Process believe that coordination and collaboration among all political, security, civilian, cultural, social, and influential forces opposing the Taliban are essential. For its implementation, the following executive actions are proposed:

First:

Establishing contacts, maintaining, and expanding close relationships, and gaining support from all resistance movements and forces opposing the Taliban that seek an alternative political system based on democratic values.

Second:

1. Issuing a call by the Vienna Process working group to all political, civilian, security, and cultural entities in Afghanistan to introduce qualified individuals for membership in the commission responsible for formulating opinions and proposing an alternative structure, ensuring gender, ethnic, and religious balance.

2. Creating a commission to formulate common opinions based on the first article of the Vienna Process declaration and the content of other relevant conferences, aiming to finalize the crisis resolution plan and shape a comprehensive and alternative political structure for Afghanistan.

Third:

1. Holding a comprehensive nationwide session for presenting the commission's work report and finalizing proposed documents in collaboration with the global community.

2. Contacting regional countries and stakeholders in the Afghanistan issue to garner their support for a common perspective on resolving the crisis and supporting an alternative political structure, considering the outcomes of past conferences.

Fourth:

1. Concurrently with the above, supporting the ongoing resistance of the Afghan people and continuous and systematic advocacy in international forums regarding the humanitarian situation, especially for women and girls.

2. Maintaining relations with international legal and judicial institutions, especially the International Criminal Court, regarding crimes against humanity, war crimes, systematic massacres, gender discrimination, religious discrimination, forced displacement of indigenous people, and detention and torture in Taliban prisons.

Conclusion:

The Vienna Process roadmap is a strategic plan to create a democratic and effective alternative for Afghanistan and change the situation in Afghanistan under the control of the Taliban. This process emphasizes the principle of democratic participation of the Afghan people and systematic cooperation with the regional and international community. The proposed steps in this roadmap aim to coordinate people's resistance and create a collaborative environment, seeking effective support from regional countries and the global community.

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