

SAMPLING PROCEDURE FOR FOAM CONCENTRATES AND PROPORTIONING TESTING

NFC960

- Request for Analysis Form
- NFPA-11 Recommends That All Foam Systems Shall Be Thoroughly Inspected And Checked For Proper Operation Annually
- Regular Sampling And Evaluation Can Detect Deterioration Of The Foam Concentrate And Accumulation Of Sediment In Low Areas
- Regular Sampling and Testing of the Foam Proportioning System Ensures the Accuracy of the System



Why Take Foam Samples

Under normal circumstances and under satisfactory storage conditions, foam concentrates manufactured by reputable companies should maintain their quality for years. However, no matter how good the foam concentrate, deterioration can take place in a number of ways and it is therefore recommended to monitor the quality. Summarized below are some of the causes of foam concentrate degradation:

- Dilution or evaporation
- Topping off with inferior or incompatible products
- Excessively high or low storage temperatures
- Unsuitable storage conditions

NFPA-11 recommends that all foam systems shall be thoroughly inspected and checked for proper operation annually. The inspection shall include performance evaluation of the foam concentrate or premix solution quality.

Regular Sampling and Evaluation Can Detect:

- Deterioration of the foam concentrate
- Accumulation of sediment in low areas, which could possibly cause proportioning problems when the system is activated

Why Test Proportioning

Annual testing of foam proportioning equipment is recommended by NFPA 25 Standard for the Inspection, Testing and Maintenance of Water-Based Fire Protection Systems.

Testing of foam concentration in proportioned solution determines the accuracy of the system's proportioning equipment. Variances in foam concentrate proportioning can affect the expansion and drainage of the foam generated from the system which can influence the performance.

Accuracy of proportioning should be tested when a system is first installed or commissioned and annually thereafter.

Regular Testing Can Detect:

- If the system is in good operating condition
- Proportioning concentration is accurate

Note: It is also recommended to test the condition of the foam concentrate annually (see also NFC960)

Laboratory Analysis

National Foam Technical Service Laboratory has offered a premier foam analysis service for many decades.

An unbiased analysis of the foam samples is provided for the user's consideration. The recommended method for evaluating the condition of foam concentrate is to complete the tests which follow. These are part of the lab analysis:

- Specific Gravity
- pH Value
- Sediment
- Expansion Ratio
- Quarter Drainage Time

Along with testing of the foam concentrate, annual testing of the foam proportioning system tests the accuracy of the system and can determine if corrective actions are needed to make sure that the system is operating properly.

In addition to laboratory analysis of foam concentrates, National Foam can test the proportioning accuracy of the foam system.

Ordering Information

Free Foam test sample kits and proportioning kits can be obtained by emailing: techsvc@nationalfoam.com

Fill in the attached form denoting whether laboratory foam analysis, foam proportioning analysis, or both are indicated.

See page 2 of this form for detailed procedures for taking foam concentrate and foam proportioning samples.



SAMPLING PROCEDURE FOR FOAM CONCENTRATES AND PROPORTIONING TESTING

NFC960

Procedures for Taking Laboratory Analysis Samples

Samples taken from the installation should be representative of the foam concentrates stored so that an accurate evaluation can be made.

1. To ensure a uniform sample, if the system design permits, circulate the system back to the storage tank for the appropriate time prior to sampling.

If circulation is not possible for any reason, take samples from the top, middle, and bottom of the tank.

If it is not possible to take three samples, due to the construction of the vessel or other reasons, then take one sample from the top of the tank and a second sample from the bottom.

When sampling foam concentrate from atmospheric tanks employing foam seal/mineral oil, please ensure that the foam sample is not contaminated with oil and is representative of the foam liquid in the tank.

NOTE: SUBMIT ONE COMPOSITE SAMPLE ONLY, made by mixing the samples taken from the tank.

If it is only possible to take one sample from a storage vessel that has not been circulated, it should be understood that this may not be truly representative of the complete contents of the storage tank.

NOTE: When using drain-off points, ensure that sufficient fluid is allowed to flush through the pipework to clear any accumulation of sludge, and provide a representative sample.

- 2. The sample must be at least 500 ml (approximately 1 pint) in volume and shipped in a clean, tightly sealed container made of polyethylene. Contact techsvc@nationalfoam.com for sample kits, if needed.
- 3. The container label (do not use gummed labels) or container must

be marked with a waterproof pen showing the following information:

- Name of company
- Type of concentrate; e.g., AFFF 3%, etc. (samples that are not identified with the type of foam and % will not be tested)
- Source of sample; e.g., B5 Foam Room - Tank #1
- 4. Complete the Request for Analysis Form on page 3.

NOTE: Indicate the type of foam and lot number, if known. Be specific in storage container identification; e.g., 1500-gallon tank located in B5 Foam Room - Tank #1. Note any special conditions or problems.

5. Sample containers must be packaged to avoid damage during shipment. Ship the samples to National Foam's Technical Service Lab at the address listed on the Request for Analysis Form.

Procedures for Taking Foam Proportioning Samples

In order to accurately determine foam concentrate proportioning, three samples need to be collected from each foam system tested:

- Foam concentrate
- Dilution water
- foam solution from the proportioning system

The foam concentrate sample should be taken from the foam concentrate supply tank of the system to be tested. It is also advised that the foam concentrate should be tested as recommended by NFPA 11 as this will evaluate any dilution or evaporation or deterioration of the foam concentrate (see NFC960).

The dilution water used for the system test should also be sampled.

Foam solution samples should be taken once it is determined that the system is operating properly and that the foam solution sample is collected at an adequate distance downstream from the proportioner being tested. Ensure that the system has been allowed to run at design flow and has reached a steady state prior to collecting foam solution sample. Refer to manufacturer's Operating and Maintenance manual for the proportioning system to determine the operating procedures. Do not sample foam solution drained from expanded foam as this can produce misleading results.

- 1. Place foam concentrate, dilution water and proportioned foam solution in labeled containers. 500 ml (or approximately 1 pint) samples are required for the foam concentrate and proportioned foam solution. 1000 ml of the dilution water is requested.
- 2. Containers should be clean and tightly sealed. Polyethylene containers are preferred, or contact techsvc@nationalfoam.com for a test kit.
- 3. Mark containers with a waterproof pen, indicating the following information:
 - Name of company
 - Type of concentrate; e.g. AFFF 3%, etc. (Samples that are not identified with the type of foam concentrate and system proportioning percentage will not be tested)
 - Source of sample or system; e.g. B5 Foam Room – Tank 1
- 4. Complete the Request for Proportioning Analysis Form on page 3.

NOTE: Indicate the type of foam and lot number, if known. Be specific in storage container/system identification. Note any special conditions or problems.

5. Sample containers must be packaged to avoid damage during shipment. Ship the samples to National Foam Technical Service Laboratory at the address listed on the Request for Analysis form.

National Foam

Page 2 of 3

350 East Union Street, West Chester, PA 19382, USA 24hr **RED ALERT**[®] : 610-363-1400 • Fax: 610-431-7084 www.nationalfoam.com National Foam operates a continuous program of product development. The right is therefore reserved to modify any specification without prior notice and National Foam should be contacted to ensure that the current issues of all technical data sheets are used. © National Foam

REQUEST F(FOR ANALYSIS FORM	SIS FOR	5								PAT	FOAM
Forward Samples To:	To:			From:								
Attention: Technical Service Lab	ervice Lab			Name:				Title:			Date:	/ /
141 Junny Road - Angier, NC 27501 Bhana: (010) 331 6100 - Eav: (010) 630 2357	jier, NC 27501 0 - E≏×: /010) 630 3	067		Compar	Company Name:		-				-	
Red Alert Emergency Response Number: (610) 363-1400	Response Number: (0	Billing A	Billing Address:							
E-Mail: techsvc@nationalfoam.com	onalfoam.com			City:				-			Zip:	
Email for free sample kit	kit			Phone:		_ Fax:_		ш 	E-Mail:			
Testing Requested	Price	# of Samples	\$xx.xx\$	Payme	Payment Information Required for Testing:	tion Re	quired 1	ior Test	ing:			
Laboratory Analysis	\$150.00/Sample			Purchas	Purchase Order No.:			Chec	Check No.:		Check Date:	··· / /
Proportioning Testing	1 \$150.00/Sample			Credit C	Credit Card:	nerican E	xpress		Discover	₩ □	☐ Mastercard	🗌 Visa
		Total		Credit C	Credit Card No.:			Secu	Security Code.:		Expiration Date:	/ /
Note: Prices subje	Note: Prices subject to change without prior notice.	it prior notice.		Name o	Name on Card:			Sig	Signature:			
Note: Samples thi and % will n	Note: Samples that are not identified with the type of foam and % will not be tested.	with the type of	foam									
	Type of Foam	Foam Concentrate	ntrate				Sampling Source	Source				Svstem %
Foam Cor Manufacturer	Concentrate* and % (1, 3, or 6)	Source (Tank/Location)	tion)	Tank Size	Lot Number	Top	Middle	Bottom	Mix	Type & Model Proportioner	Type of System	Proportioning (1, 3 or 6)
[*] Type of Foam Concentrate: P - Protein FFFP - Film Forming Fluoroprotein; AF NOTE: Use additional forms if needed.	Type of Foam Concentrate: P - Protein; FP - Fluoroprotein; AFFF - Aqueous Film Forming Foam; AR-AFFF - Alcohol Resistant AFFF; FFFP - Film Forming Fluoroprotein; AR-FFFP - Alcohol Resistant FFFP; SYN - Synthetic NOTE: Use additional forms if needed.	Fluoroprotein; FFP - Alcohol Re	AFFF - Aqu sistant FFFI	ieous Film Fo >; SYN - Synt	rming Foam;	\R-AFFF -	Alcohol R	'esistant A	FFF;			
Note Any Special Conditions/Problems:	Conditions/Probl	ems:		Forwa	Forward Report To:	ö						
				Name:					Company_			
				Address:								
				City:						State:	Zip:	
				Phone:		Fax:		Ш	E-Mail:			