street, road, sidewalk, park, public ground, ferry boat, or public works of any kind in said city, village or borough, or by reason of any alleged negligence of any officer, agent, servant or employe of said city, village or borough, the person so alleged to be injured, or some one in his behalf, shall give to the city or village council, or trustees or other governing body of such city, village or borough, within thirty days after the alleged injury, notice thereof; and shall present his or their claim to compensation to such council or governing body in writing, stating the time when, the place where and the circumstances under which such alleged loss or injury occurred and the amount of compensation or the nature of the relief demanded from the city, village or borough, and such body shall have ten days' time within which to decide upon the course it will pursue with relation to such claim; and no action shall be maintained until the expiration of such time on account of such claim nor unless the sameshall be commenced within one year after the happening of such alleged injury or loss.

the happening of such alleged injury or loss.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force

from and after its passage. Approved April 23, 1897.

CHAPTER 249.

An act to amend section two thousand eight hundred and six (2806) of the general statutes of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four (1894), relating to the capital stock of manufacturing corporations.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That section two thousand eight hundred and six of the general statutes of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-four be amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 2806. The amount of capital stock of every such corporation shall be fixed and limited by the stock-holders in their articles of association and shall be divided into shares of not less than ten and not more

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage. Approved April 23, 1897.

CHAPTER 250.

An act to amend section twenty (20) of chapter one hundred and thirty-one (131) of general laws of Minnesota for one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one (1891), relating to building, loan and savings associations doing a general business.

SECTION 1. That section twenty (20) of chapter one hundred and thirty-one (131) of the general laws of one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one (1891) is here-

by amended to read as follows:

Sec. 20. If it shall appear to said public examiner from any examination made by him, or from any report of any examination made by him, or from any annual or semi-annual report aforesaid, that any corporation governed by this act is violating its charter, or the law, or that it is conducting business in an unsafe, unauthorized, or dishonest manner, he shall, by an order under his hand and seal of office addressed to such corporation, direct conformity with the requirements of its charter and of the law; and whenever such corpora-tion shall refuse or neglect to make such report or account as may be lawfully required, or to comply, with such order aforesaid within thirty days from the date thereof, or if it has become apparent that there is such a deficiency in its assets that the purpose for which the association was organized cannot be carried out, the public examiner may, if such corporation be organized under the laws of the state of Minnesota, forthwith take possession of the books, records and the assets of every description of such corporation and shall at once proceed to make a careful and detailed examination of the condition of the affairs of such corporation; and the books, records and assets of such corporation so held by him shall not be subject to levy or attachment or garnishment at any time while under his control. If at the close of such examination it shall appear to the public examiner that such corporation is able to complete

Fig. 1 — An excerpt from, General Laws of the State of Minnesota, 1897. Chapter 250 appears in this statute book without an enacting clause, which resulted in it being declared "void" in Sjoberg v. Security Savings & Loan Assn., 73 Minn. 203. Note that the law on the adjacent page (Chapter 249) has the required enacting clause.